**Terms of Publication.**

THE WAYNESBURG REPUBLICAN, Office in Sayers' building, east of the Court House, is published every Wednesday morning, at $2 per annum, IN ADVANCE, or $2 50 if not paid within the year. **All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually.** No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To ensure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as guaranty against imposition.

All letters pertaining to business of the office must be addressed to the Editor.


## Poetry.

### TOAST FOR LABOR.

Here's to the man with horny hands,
Who tugs the breathing bellows;
Where anvils ring in every land,
He's loved by all good fellows.

And here's to him who goes afield,
And through the globe is ploughing.
Or with stout arm the axe doth wield,
While ancient oaks are bowing.

Here's to the delver in the mine,
The sailor on the ocean.
With those of every craft and line,
Who work with true devotion.

Our love for her who toils in gloom
Where cranks and wheels are cranking;
Bereft she is of nature's bloom,
Yet God in patience thanking.

A curse for him who sneers at toil,
And shuns his share of labor;
The knave but robs his native soil
While leaning on his labor.

Here may this truth be taught on earth,
Grow more and more in favor:
There is no wealth but owns its worth
To handicraft and labor.

Then pledge the founders of our wealth,
The builders of our nation;
We know their worth, now to their health
Drink we with acclamation!

### A TALE OF LOVE!

Two maids were walking in the grove,
(They both were growing old),
The one to tell a tale of love,
The other to be told.

"He is not rich," the elder said,
"Nor handsome, nor high-born;
The man whom I propose to wed,
Most other girls would scorn."

"What is he, then? you make me fear;"
The maiden's tears fell fast;
"He was the first to offer, dear,
And he may be the last!"

## Select Reading.

### NOT GOOD ENOUGH FOR HER.

In the days of the good old colony of Virginia, the distinctions of rich and poor were based upon laws which, like those of the Medes and Persians, altered not. One of the most devout followers of this code, was a wealthy planter, living in what is known the Northern Neck. He was in all respects, a frank, openhearted, manly gentleman; but his estimate of his fellow men was founded upon the principle that governed his selection of horses—BLOOD. Wealth, too was by no means an unimportant feature with him. He had our human weakness, and, like all of us, was influenced more than he ever believed, by pounds, shillings and pence.

This Mr. G—— had quite a large family, and among them was a daughter whose beauty was the standing toast of the country. She was just eighteen, and budding into lovely womanhood. Not only was she beautiful in person but her amiable disposition and many accomplishments made her more than ordinarily attractive, and the gentlemen in the Northern Neck were already sighing for her love.

There were in the country at this time a young man who was already rising high in the esteem of his neighbors. He came of good family, but was, as yet, a poor young surveyor, who had spent much of his time in traversing unknown forests, with nothing but his compass for guide, and his chain for his companion, locating land and settling disputed titles. He was a model of manly beauty, and excelled in all the varied feats of strength in which the olden time Americans took such pride. He was calm and reserved, and there was about him a dignified sweetness of demeanor that accorded well with his frank independence of character. He was a great favorite with all that knew him, and there was no gathering to which he was not asked.

Mr. G—— seemed especially to like the young man, and it was not long before he insisted that the latter should abandon all ceremony in his visits to him, and come and go when he pleased. The invitation was heartily given, and as promptly accepted. The young man liked the planter, and he found the society of the beautiful Mary G—— a very strong attraction. The result was that he was frequently at the planter's residence; so frequently, indeed, that Mrs. G—— felt called upon to ask her husband if he did not think it wrong to permit him to enjoy such unreserved intercourse with their daughter. The father only laughed at the idea, and said he hoped his daughter knew her positon to allow anything like love for a poor surveyor to blind her to her duty to her family.

Nevertheless Mary G—— was not so fully impressed with this conviction of duty as was her father. She found more to admire in the poor surveyor than in all her wealthy and aristocratic suitors; and, almost before she knew it, her heart passed out of her keeping, and was given to him. She loved him with all the honesty and devotion of her pure heart; and she would have thought it a happiness to go out with him to the backwoods and share his fortunes and troubles, no matter how much sorrow they might bring to her.

Nor did she love in vain. The young man, whose knowledge of the world was afterwards so great, had not then learned to considerate binding the distinctions which society drew between his position and that of a lady. He knew that in all that makes a man in integrity and honesty of purpose, he was the equal of any one. He believed that, except in wealth, he stood upon a perfect equality with Mary G——, and loved her honestly and manfully, and no sooner had he satisfied himself upon the state of his own feelings than he confessed his devotion, simply and truthfully, and received from the lady's lips the assurance that she loved him dearly.

Scorning to occupy a doubtful position, or to cause the young lady to conceal aught from her parents, the young man frankly and manfully asked Mr. G—— for his daughter's hand. Very angry grew the planter as he listened to the audacious proposal. He stormed and swore furiously, and denounced the young man as an ungreatful and insolent upstart.

"My daughter has always been accustomed to riding in her own carriage," he said. "Who are you, sir?"

"A gentleman, sir," replied the young man, quietly; and he left the house.

The lovers were parted. The lady married soon after, a wealthy planter, and the young man went out again into the world, to battle with his heart and conquer his unhappy passions. He subdued it; but although he afterward married a woman whom he loved honestly and truthfully, and who was worthy of his love, he never was wholly dead to his first love.

The time passed on, and the young man began to reap the reward of his labors. He had never been to the house of Mr. G—— since his cruel repulse by the planter; but the latter could not forget him, as his name soon became familiar in every Virginia household. Higher and higher he rose every day, until he gained a position from which he could look upon the proud planter. Wealth came to him, too. When the great struggle for independence dawned, and he was in his prime, a happy husband, and one of the most distinguished men in America. The struggle went on, and soon the "poor surveyor" held the highest and proudest position in the land.

When the American army passed in triumph through the streets of Williamsburg, the ancient capital of Virginia, after the surrender of Cornwallis, the officer riding at the head of the column chanced to glance up at one of the neighboring balconies, which was crowded with ladies. Recognizing one of them he raised his hat and bowed profoundly. There was a commotion on the balcony, and some one wanted water, saying Mrs. Lee had fainted. Turning to a young man who rode near him, the officer said gravely:

"Henry, I fear your mother has fainted. You had better leave the column, and go to her."

The speaker was George Washington, once the "poor surveyor," but then Commander-in-Chief of the armies of the United States. The young man was Colonel Henry Lee, the commander of the famous "Light Cavalry Legion;" the lady was his mother, and formerly Miss G——, the belle of the "Northern Neck."

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"MARK TWAIN" describes as follows the *personnel* of the Imperial family of Russia:

"The Emperor had on a white cloth cap, and white cloth coat and pantaloons, all of questionable fineness. The Empress and her daughter wore simple suits of foulard, with a little blue spot in it, blue trimmings, low crowned straw hats trimmed with blue velvet, linen collars, clerical neck ties of muslin, blue sashes, flesh-colored gloves, parasols—lady readers will take due notice. The exceeding simplicity of these dresses would insure them against creating a sensation in Broadway. The little Grand Duke wore a red calico blouse and a straw hat, and had his pataloons tucked into boots. Simplicity of costume and kingly stateliness of manner cannot go very well together, and I was curious to see how the imperial party would act. They acted as if they had never been use to anything finer. They were as free from any semblance of pride or haughtiness as if their house had always been a village minister's house. They conversed freely and unconstrainedly with anybody and everybody that came along, (they all speak English,) and so did the great officers of the Empire that were with them."

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A BURGLAR named Frank Riley was arrested in Chicago, a few days ago, for the crime of breaking open a safe in Louisville, Kentucky, and taking therefrom the sum of forty-six thousand dollars. Among the effects found on his person by the officers of justice was the following letter:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
Washington, D. C., Dec. 13, 1866.

"Henry A. Smythe, Collector of Customs, New York:

"SIR—This will introduce to your favorable consideration Frank Riley, of New York City, *with whose character I became acquainted in Tennessee*, and whom I commend to you as worthy of a suitable appointment under you.

"With great respect, very truly yours, ANDREW JOHNSON."

This document was in a very dilapidated condition, arising from constant use, as Mr. Riley informed the officers.


# The Waynesburg Republican.

JAS. E. SAYERS, FIRMNESS IN THE RIGHT AS GOD GIVES US TO SEE THE RIGHT.—*Lincoln.* EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

VOL. XI. WAYNESBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1867. NO. 17.


### AN OVERGROWN BOY.

Henry Ward Beecher is never so great as when you see him among men, or we might say, perhaps, among children. He never left off being a boy. There is something so honest, noble and childlike in his great square-put social utterances, that in the sphere he is perfectly irresistible. So powerful has this influence become that the whole city of Brooklyn, and to a considerable extent the whole nation, is affected by his social example. The narrow, contemptible mannerism that characterizes the people affecting Churchanity, the Miss Nancyish ways of too many, even of our clergy, the pompous airs, exquisite snobbishness, pious propriety, and severely ornate methods of speech and writing commonly supposed to give evidences of refinement and taste, the great thunderer sweeps away with one blast of his trumpet of truth.

Mr. Beecher has taught the world that to be saints men need not be hypocrites, and to love the beautiful, one need not be a sap-head. Culture may kill out a man's naturalness, and leave only mere airs. Beau Brummel and Beecher are forever at war. Oh, how disdainfully Aramiata Sophranisba Rosewater inverts and elevates her proboscis at the mention of some characteristic "Beecherism" of the Brooklyn Beanerges. "Did Mr. Beecher actually play ugly mug, and stir the pudding at a social gathering?" said one of these ancient maiden saints to us a few days since. "It is positively horrid." It is a characteristic of men who love truth supremely that persons have but little influence over them. God makes a truly wise man so simple and unpretending that men never look into the manger for the King of the kingdom coming. Yet it is there that we find our King. "A little child shall lead them." The child is the model for Christians to follow and frame their characters by. So does Mr. Beecher. So do not the great, the grand, and those filled with pomp and show. Visit Brooklyn, and you shall see a man as brown as a Western farmer, with a perfect tumble of hair, falling all over shoulders as broad as a blacksmith's. His gait is rapid, abrupt and blunt. He rolls as he walks like a Cape Cod shipmaster. He wears a rough sack coat, pepper and salt perhaps, breeches, wide, roomy, and better fitting than the pants on Webster's statue in front of the State House in Boston. He swings his arms as he gets over the ground, ever and anon lifting his hat and smoothing back his hair over his massive forehead. His features are coarse, his skin as rough and ruddy as a Jack Tar's, and his whole air that of a man overflowing with human nature. "How are you?" is his greeting as he meets you—no mannerish hand-shaking or French airs; he passes right on unless you have business. Then if you hem or haw, or hesitate or don't come right to the point, ten chances to one if he does not take *French leave* at once, and leave you to meditate upon the abruptness of the wonderful man.

In short, Mr. Beecher has no nonsense in his make up. He is filled with good sense, and woe be to Mr. Diplomacy if he crosses his path with his endless circumlocutions. He crashes right in on your forms of propriety, your airs and distinguished considerations. We once saw him beset by a committee—it must have been—sent to extend thanks and distinguished consideration for his great services in behalf of our country while in England. There were kid gloves of course. There was a perfect puff of patchouly from silk handkerchiefs and court dresses, and diamonds in a shower, and all that. Then the French etiquette, the preliminaries, the coming to the point, the craven manner, the bowings, nonsense, hypocrisy, gentility, in short, refinement of the poor creatures, bewildered the poor man so that when at last he shut them off with an abrupt grunt, not even saying good evening, we thought he breathed again as one gasping for fresh air. This is the Americanism of our times and country. He is religiously and politically an embodiment of our future Church and State. As the prophet of the coming kingdom, he heralds in what his whole life will yet exemplify. No man of this nation is to impress upon the nation his character more than Henry Ward Beecher.

Franklin stamped his sprit of economy upon our American boys, but Mr. Beecher will stamp his whole soul upon the lives and aspirations of our whole people.

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CURE FOR INGROWING NAILS.—It is stated cauterization by hot tallow is an immediate cure for ingrowing nails. Put a small piece of tallow in a spoon and hold it over a lamp until it becomes very hot, and then drop between the nail and the granulations. The effect is most magical. Pain and tenderness are at once relieved, and in a few days the granulations all go away, leaving the diseased parts dry and destitute of all feeling, and the edge of the nail exposed so as to admit of being paired away without any inconvenience. The operation causes but little pain if the tallow is properly heated.

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APROPOS—A "ladies' shoemaker" advertises himself as one of the luminaries of the "sole her system."

### THEORIES OF ADVERTISING.

The business that mainly occupies men in this world is trade; the secret of success in trade, after reasonable judgement and industry are used, is advertising. This fact was never so generally recognized by business men as now, and with this recognition they include the fact that only judicious advertising pays them, and that to make it judicious is one of the deepest problems which come before them. For this problem contains many conditions, such as, for example, the medium for advertising, the time, the region, the class of persons to be addressed, the quality and quantity of things said, the persistence that may be desirable, and, above all, the discovery of some new and striking way of seizing public attention. For the prizes of advertising are the result of combining bold expenditures with original and pleasing methods.

The theories of advertisers upon all these conditions, particularly the last, are wonderfully various, those who disbelieved in advertising at all, being now too few for mention. One man believes in advertising in publications where all his competitors advertise; another where he will be alone; one thinks advertising needless when business is brisk, and useless when it is dull; while another thinks the reverse; one believes in the city, another in the town; one bases his hope on mere length, and another takes half a page to print a few sentences, while another puts his announcement upside down. Some advertise moderately and steadily, and some make showy displays occasionally. Large cities are full of devices outside of Newspapers. Boys distribute handbills at the ferries and on the streets; a painted bed with nettings looped up greets the eyes of those who cross Fulton ferry, in mosquito time; men march solemnly about, dressed in some mysterious garment that proclaims the merits of India-rubber goods and weather strips, or covered with buttons from crown to sole, or bearing sign boards of chiropodists; a nuisance in the shape of an advertising van haunts Broadway, and the curbstones, the fences, and the very pavements everywhere are a flame.

It may be called accidental, but the fact is that nearly all of the large fortunes made in trade during the last thirty years, both in this country and in England, have been made in connection with persistent and studied advertising. Drs. Jayne, Brandreth and Ayer, Davis' Pain-killer, Russia salve, Bonner's *Ledger*, Plantation Bitters, Hostetter's Bitters, Spalding's prepared glue, Holloway's pills, Eastman's business college, and Barnum's Museum are good examples. The amount of money sometimes paid for advertising is almost incredible, some firms having expended fifty thousand dollars in a single week, and even tens of thousands upon a single advertisement. Beside burdening the fences, several parties have their own poets and advertisement writers, at liberal salaries. Messrs. Phalon & Son are reported to have such a man, to whom they pay three thousand dollars a year, and whose duty was for a time comprised in devising a new conundrum every day, which should set forth a new the night blooming cereus.

The secret of judicious newspaper advertising may be briefly stated. It consists, not in long standing advertisements, which are inevitably placed in obscure corners; but in short, fresh paragraphs, renewed frequently, and possessing the interest of reading matter. These are read for their own sake, and make new customers, as well as guide old ones.

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MRS. LINCOLN.—Amongst all the mean things done by the democrats, about the meanest is the persistence with which they dishonored President Lincoln, and visit their hatred of him upon his widow. While Brick Pomeroy shocks all decent people by his ribaldry over the murder of our martyred chief, his more respectable coadjutors manufacture slanders on her who bears his name. One story has scarce run its rounds before another is started after it; and the last, by the *World*, is, that she is in New York, under the name of Mrs. Clarke, trying to sell her clothing and jewelry to add to her slender income. If Mrs. Lincoln is reduced to such necessity, shame to the land, and it is the people, not herself, she screened when she dropped that honored name, in such a transaction; but we have no doubt the story is a sheer fabrication, made to gratify democratic hate of the great dead, who had honored his wife as do few living men.—*Pitts. Gazette.*

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THE Paris Exposition has been a great pecuniary speculation, and should the Emperor declare its permanency, it will prove a constant source of wealth. According to agreement, the profits, if any, arising from the Exposition, are to be divided equally between the State, the city of Paris, and the company owning the charter, granted by a law passed by the French Legislature, in 1865, for the purpose of organizing this stupendous undertaking.

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IN a matrimonial advertisement for a husband, the advertiser says that as she "wants a full-grown man, none need apply who are under six feet." That is not an unnatural notion for a lady bent on hy-men.

### Yellow Fever at Galveston.

A correspondent writing from Galveston, Sept. 9th, says:

The city resembles one vast hospital. The number of deaths to date since commencement, (July 24th,) reaches nine hundred, mostly Northern and Western people, foreigners, and officers and employees, civil and military, of the United States, bookkeepers, and clerks, brought here to die by the hundred from the larger Northern, Western and Eastern cities; members of Northern, Western and foreign firms and business houses, one third of which, some with large stocks of goods, are now closed on account of employers and employees having been summoned by "Yellow Jack" to their long and narrow houses in the graveyard. The Jews have suffered most in proportion to their number, many of them succumbing to their noted dread of death after taking the disease. This month, on account of its sudden weather changes and equinoctial storms, will prove the most fatal.

The type of disease is very malignant. Several of our best physicians, among them Drs. Rowe, Taylor, &c., of the United States army, and Drs. Hanna and Gautt, of the Galveston Medical College faculty, fell victims and are in their graves. Others of the profession are now down with it. The streets are nearly deserted; business is at a stand; the city wears the aspect of a continuous Sabbath; gloom has settled upon the countenances of many you meet; the churches are deserted; the firing of the United States army and navy signal guns, the ringing of all bells, and other noises have been stopped authoritatively during the epidemic, not to disturb the fever sick, whom we count by thousands and in every house. Nurses and physicians are worn out and scarce. The suffering is very great, and much of it remains untold—only known to Him who scourges us in His wrath.

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AN INCIDENT IN THE CARS.—In one of the cars that ply Fulton avenue, Brooklyn, some days since, a young swell in albumen pantaloons, azure vest and milky tie, was disgracing tobacco by putting it into his mouth, and wantonly sending the liquid residuum over the car floor. In its "flight" it alighted on the dress of a lady that circumstances forced to sit near the spittoon, and the fellow was utterly too gross even to apologize. However, when the lady made a request for his handkerchief to repair the stain as far as might be, and when the fellow refused, he was considerably surprised, and the passengers delighted, by the lady very quietly turning up that section of her dress soiled by the fellow's brutality, and wiping it on the dandy's pantaloons, with a result that made little channels run down to his boots. With a simple "Take that, you dirty puppy," the woman resumed her composure, and the man suddenly remembered that he had an errand on the street. Let 'em all be served that way, and rub it in hard.

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LAST week a hotel-keeper in Lancaster, "smelled a mice" in this wise: Two countrymen took lodging at his place, and fared sumptuously, drinking three bottles of wine daily. The last day, and before they had settled their bill, a dispute arose about the speed of their horses. They at last settled upon a race, and appointed the landlord judge. When they were ready, the judge, like those of the Olympian games, gave the word—one, two, three, and go. Away they went, and have neither been seen nor heard of since. No doubt they are running at this moment, (a bill in some other place,) leaving this landlord fully compensated by having had the honor of being judge.

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IN a speech at Pleasant Valley, Ohio, General Garfield said that in a recent conversation with him, Gen. Grant betrayed the deepest anxiety as to the mischief the President may do before Congress meets. General Schenck, remarking that Congress would soon be in session again, Gen. Grant anxiously replied, "It will be seventy-eight days yet." "Why, General," exclaimed Schenck, considerably surprised, "do you count the days?" "Yes, I do," replied General Grant, "it will be just seventy-eight days, and I would to God the time were nearer!"

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A MAN in Round Rock, Texas, slaughtered a beef and found in it a genuine ten dollar gold piece. A farmer lost a purse containing fifteen dollars in gold while surveying on the prairies in the locality, and it is supposed that the steer swallowed the coin while chewing the purse. The money was lost several years ago.

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A LITTLE girl who had been visiting in the family of a neighbor, hearing them speak of her father being a widower, on her return home addressed him thus: "Pa, are you a widower?" "Yes, my child. Don't you know your mother's dead?" "Why, yes, I knew mother was dead; but you always told me you was a New Yorker."

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THE Philadelphia *Ledger*, which is one of the largest printing establishments in the United States, was started in 1836, by three journeymen printers, two of whom are yet living and are millionnaires.

[From the Columbus (Ohio,) Journal]

### DEMOCRATIC ORATOR CONFOUNDED.

We are informed that a village in one of the "backbone" Democratic counties was the scene of a funny incident a few evenings since, whereby a Democratic orator was utterly confounded and brought to grief by men of his own party. The circumstances are as follows:

He had told them how the rich bondholder had reduced them to slavery in spite of the efforts of the Goddess of Liberty and several other personages, both human and celestial, till then unknown to the audience. He quoted extensively from George Francis Train's "demagogue" speech, and among other things the following:

"Work! work! work!
From the dawn to the dusk of day,
For your hopes are crushed with a weight of debt,
That the toil of your life won't pay!"

Having wrought up his hearers almost to mutiny, he left that branch of his subject, and proposed to show up some of the Republican leaders, beginning with Ben Wade. "Why, fellow-citizen," said he, "there is Ben Wade, a regular agrarian, who wants all the property divided so that every man will have an equal share." [Thundering applauses, and cries of "Bully for him!" "That's the ticket!" "He's the man for me!"] "Why, fellow-citizens," said he, "Ben Wade is a Radical and an agrarian; he"—[Deafening applause, and yells of "Good for the Radicals!" "Bully for the 'grarians!"]

The speaker was thunderstruck. Evidently, his hearers had never heard of Ben Wade and the Radicals. They had been well stirred up against the rich, and they thought that radicalism was a species of democracy, of which Ben Wade was the champion.

"Gentlemen—fellow citizens," continued the speaker, "I don't think you exactly understand me. Ben Wade is the Vice President, elected by the Radicals, and he is himself a Radical, and an agrarian land pirate to boot. Why, what do you think? He proposes to take the rich man's property, for which he toiled in early life, and give it to those who have no property, even to those who do not work. What do you—"

A voice, "Three cheers for Ben Wade!"

And in spite of all that two or three village leaders, candidates for constable and supervisor, could do, the crowd gave three thundering cheers for Ben Wade and the "grarians." The orator, finding that he had got on the wrong track, abruptly brought his remarks to a close. A lie, in that instance, made Ben Wade several friends, yet we scarcely feel like congratulating him on the acquisition.

### ANTIQUITY OF THE HUMAN RACE.

Shakespeare, in "As You Like It," makes Rosalind say, "The poor world is almost six thousand years old," and there are plenty of people in our own day who believe that this globe came fresh from the hand of the Creator only sixty centuries ago. But geology has exploded that theory, and the ablest theologians now agree that the "six days" of the creation represent vast periods of time, while the earth itself is of inconceivable antiquity.

The question which now excites attention is whether the human race is not far older than is generally believed, and whether it was not contemporary with the great animals, remains of which are now and then discovered, but which became extinct before the date of any history, sacred or profane, or even of tradition. The interesting discoveries resulting from the explorations now in progress in Kent's Cavern, Devonshire, England, show, indisputably, that man was in existence when the mammoth, three different species of the elephant, the rhinoceros, lions, and other animals were common in that country, but which are now extinct, for the bones of the animals have been found, and with them, tools, weapons, and other articles which were the unmistakable work of human hands, guided by intelligence. These remains have been found imbedded in gravel and stalagmite, and the explorations have been conducted under circumstances and with a care precluding the posibility of deception.

A report of these discoveries has been laid before the British Association for the Advancement of Science, in session at Dundee during the present month, and an interesting discussion upon the antiquity of the human race ensued. Sir Charles Lyell took the ground that these discoveries were proof positive that man was co-existent with the mammoth and other extinct animals which have been believed, heretofore, to antedate the human race. Other members agreed with him, and in the face of these discoveries, defiantly challenged those "who had whispered abroad objections to the theory of the antiquity of man, to come forward and state them now."—*World.*

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GREAT YIELD OF WINE.—George Hasman, one of the great wine growers of Wisconsin, made 1,030 gallons of pure grape juice from 470 Concord vines, on 4-10 of an acre, and 1,300 gallon of pure grape juice from an acre of Norton's Virginia, containing 1,200 vines.

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"VITALS baked here," is the horrible announcement placarded in the window of a New York eating house.


**Terms of Advertising AND JOB WORK.**

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at $1 50 per square for three insertions, and 50 cents per square for each additional insertion; (ten lines or less counted a square). All transient advertisements to be paid for in advance.

BUSINESS NOTICES set under the head of local news will be charged invariably 10 cents a line for each insertion.

A liberal deduction made to persons advertising by the quarter, half-year or year. Special notices charged one-half more than regular advertisements.

JOB PRINTING of every kind in Plain and Fancy colors; Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards Pamphlets, &c., of every variety and style, printed at the shortest notice. The REPUBLICAN OFFICE has just been re-fitted, and every thing in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.


LOUIS NAPOLEON'S PALACE.—A story is told in private circles about a wealthy but ill-informed American who went to Paris and applied for lodgings at one of the most aristocratic "old family" mansions of the city, where he read the words "Hotel de Crillon" over the door. Haughtily dismissed there, he next applied at another of the same sort, the "Hotel de Boissy," unaware that the custom of placing the name over the door is one of the old observances of the French aristocracy. At this juncture some one informed him of his blunder, and great was his chagrin. Subsequently he met a friend who recommended him to go to the "Hotel du Louvre," which is really a public house of entertainment. But ignorance had succumbed to wisdom. "No, hang it!" was the erudite reply, "I'm up to that, you know; you don't get me to apply for board at *Louis Napoleon's palace!*"

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An experienced editor pays a high and deserved compliment to the fair patrons of the press. Women, he says, are the best subscribers in the world to newspapers, magazines, etc. We have been an editor for forty years, and never lost a dollar by female subscribers. They seem to make it a point of conscientious duty to pay the preacher and the printer—two classes of the community that suffer more by bad pay, and no pay at all, than all the rest put together.

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A SARATOGA correspondent says that a burlesque advertisement was posted in the Union Hotel, announcing that, "in order to overcome a natural prejudice against the use of hash, the proprietor will, on Monday, place a two dollar and a half gold piece in a certain quantity of the hash; on Tuesday, one-half that amount in two pieces; on Wednesday, one-third that amount in three pieces," and so on for a week.

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BAYARD TAYLOR, in a recent letter to the New York *Tribune*, says: "Since I have come to Europe I have been constantly called upon, in France, Switzerland and Germany, to explain our present dificulty, and that while I have found a great many persons unfriendly to the permanence of the Union, no one has the courage to confess himself an admirer of Andrew Johnson.

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PAT'S TURTLE.—The head of a turtle, for several days after its separation from the body, retains and exhibits animal life and sensation. An Irishman had decapitated one, and some days afterwards was amusing himself by putting sticks in its mouth, which it bit with violence. A lady who saw the proceeding exclaimed—"Why, Patrick, I thought the turtle was dead!" "So he is, ma'am; but the cratur's not sensible of it."

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The Franklin, (Louisiana,) *Planters' Banner* of the 7th, contains the following interesting paragraph in a leader detailing the inducements to emigrants: "There are three millions of acres of tillable lands in Atakapas and St. Landry, which can be bought, according to quality and quantity, or location, at from from $1 to $30 per acre. We know of good sugar lands that can be bought for $10 an acre, a few miles from navigation."

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THE USE OF TOBACCO.—This is the way boys reason when forbidden to use tobacco: The lawyer smokes; how can it be illegal? The doctor chews; how can it be unwholesome? The clergy snuff; how can it be immoral? The politician smokes, chews or snuffs; how can it be impolite?

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NEWSPAPERS IN THE UNITED STATES.—In the year 1750 there were but seven newspapers and periodicals published in the United States; in 1810 there 350, including 25 published daily; in 1832 there were 583; in 1860, 2,051, circulating annually 927,951,548 copies.

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A FRENCH Savan has likened the quickness of volition in an animal to the telegraph. He tells his class: When the whale is harpooned the nerve affected instantly telegraphs to the creatures' brain, "Harpoon in tail," upon which the brain telegraphs back, "Jerk tail and upset boat." What a wonderful thing is science.

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A CORRESPONDENT of the Maine *Farmer*, says: "Many a housewife may be glad to know when she has a piece of fresh meat she wishes to keep a few days, that it can be successfully done by placing it in a dish and covering it with milk. Sour milk or buttermilk will do as well. I have practiced the plan for years."

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"I say Jones, how is it that your wife dresses so magnificently, and you always appear out at the elbows?" Jones, (impressively and significantly,) "you see, Thompson, my wife dresses according to the *Gazette of Fashion*, and I dress according to my Ledger."

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LADIES are like watches—pretty enough to look at—sweet faces and delicate hands, but something difficult to regulate when set "agoing."

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NEXT month all the conductors and other employees of the Erie Road are to be uniformed with blue coat, naval cap, and gray pantaloons.

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A BALL struck a little boy in the eye last week. Strange to say, the *ball* immediately came out of his mouth.

# The Waynesburg Republican.

WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.

**Wednesday, Oct. 9, '67.**


### STILL-HOUSES vs. SCHOOL-HOUSES.

Hon. Geo. V. Lawrence, ever a thorn in Democracy's side, has opened the wound afresh, and, according to the last issue of the *Messenger*, has forever placed a barrier between himself and his constituents of this county.

See in what he has offended:

"At a Radical meeting in Lawrenceville, Allegheny county, Pa., on the evening of the 24th ult., George V. Lawrence, member of Congress from this district, was present and in the course of his remarks, offered a gross and gratuitous insult to the people of Greene county. * * * * Mr. Lawrence said:

"Go into Greene county, and you will find something to eat if you are hungry, and something to drink if you are dry, for there are plenty of still-houses in that locality, (laughter,) and it is upon such as that the Democracy depends. They pay but little attention to education there, and in such places the Democrats have a majority. This is the case in reference to the low places in New York city, and in other localities. Where you find ignorance and crime you find Democrats."

Without attempting to apologize for, or, in any way screen Mr. Lawrence, for this censure upon the intelligence of our citizens, we cannot but express our suprise at the *furore* seemingly excited in the breast of our "chaste" neighbor. Why does he take up the gauntlet so readily, in this instance, in defence of the charnetor and learning of Greene county? Mr. Lawrence but gave expression to the sentiment which this would-be vindicator, and his party, have all along labored to impress upon the *public abroad. They are champions of still-houses and the enemies of school-houses!* They are ever ready with a word of comfort for the illicit distiller, but let a school-teacher offend their sense of propriety, and immediately they put in motion a vicious go-rounder intended to damage him and his profession. If the readers of the *Messenger* haven't bad memories, they will recollect a recent article upon the College Commencement, noticed by us before. This was noticed elsewhere, a Democratic exchange, of an adjoining county, seized it as a morsel of hate against the enlightenment and advancement of our county and gave it the following gratuitous notice:

POLITICAL COLLEGE.—The commencement exercies of Waynesburg (Greene county,) College came off last week. The *Messenger* informs us that the most of the exercises on the occasion were mere *"political harrangues!"* The same paper adds: "Too many of the literary institutions of our country are being made the hot beds of Radicalism, and perhaps none more so than the *little institution of this place.*"

This is the opinion of our institution that they would have circulated abroad—*"little!"* Now, we ask our readers, and the readers of the *Messenger*, in all candor, isn't there a vast deal of dissimulation in their defence of your intelligence and morality? They would disable your institutions of learning and at the same time repel an assult upon your intelligence! The hungry pack that thus assails your common sense should be taught better!

### "NIGGER" SUFFRAGE.

Our choloric, but "exquisite" neighbor, over the way, must have taken an emetic last week and thrown up nearly all the "nigger" he had on his stomach. We hope he feels relieved, although we haven't the least doubt but he will be seized with another attack before the holidays are passed. To our assertion that the question rests solely with the States, and that Congress never signified its intention of *forcing* it upon the people by word or act, he replies, "does the *Republican* pretend to say that *Mr. Sumner* did not offer a bill in Congress, at the last session, to establish negro suffrage throughout the Northern States?" He did, but is *Mr. Sumner* the Congress of the *United States?* and was his bill *not only rejected by Congress but repudiated by the leading Republicans of the land?* No, it was our neighbor's desire to enforce the conviction upon the people that the present canvass involved the issue of negro suffrage and trusting to the credulity of its readers to make political capital. Would it not be as well, now that the election is over, to relieve your conscience and make an acknowledgment?

CHICAGO has been decided on as the place for holding the National Republican Convention. The time for it has not yet been fixed. General Grant is reported to have said that, although not wishing to be a candidate for the Presidency, "if it should be the will of Providence and the desire of the American people that he should be President, he would not feel at liberty to resist the one nor disappoint the other." He will be called on to "go up higher"—and *he'll go!*

### UPRISING IN ITALY.

THE temporal dominion of the Pope is crumbling beneath the light and advancement of the age. Garibaldi, at the request of the Pope has been placed in arrest by the French Emperor, and it appears to be the signal for a general uprising of his followers. It is stated that the Italian Goverment will furnish no assistance to the Papal power for the suppression of an insurrection. This insures the downfall of this dynasty. The insurgents have defeated the loyal troops in an engagement in the province of Viterbo. Warm work and startling results are expected.

MRS. LINCOLN, has scandlized herself in the eyes of the American People, by offering her wardrobe, presents from friends valued at $24,000, at auction. She represents that ingratitude and necessity compels it. Her broker in New York raised but two hundred dollars from the sale last Saturday. The people were disgusted and slow to purchase. She returns to Chicago evidently satisfied that she has not benefited herself nor gained an enviable position in the popular mind.

"SUNSET" COX, ex-Congressman from Ohio, and every where a recognized leader of Democracy, opposes the proposition of paying the National debt in paper. There will be a great difference among Democrats on this question.

THE present arrangement of the mails is such that we cannot delay publication for the returns of the election. We shall give them as complete as possible in our next issue. Our "rooster" has plumed himself for the occasion!

THE Legislature of Tennessee met on last Monday. The election of Gov. Brownlow to the United States Senate is generally conceded. A sweet plum for Andrew Johnson!

ELIAS HOWE, JR., inventor of sewing machines, died at Brooklyn New York, Thursday night, the 3rd inst.

VALLANDIGHAM has declared himself a candidate for the United States Senate, which is a good thing for the Republicans of Ohio.

### NEW YORK STATE.

**State Conventions—Synopsis of Resolutions—Tickets Nominated.**

ALBANY, N. Y. October 4.—The Democratic convention met this morning and passed resolutions pledging the Democracy to reclaim New York from misrule and corruption, as the first step to the restoration of the Union and constitutional Government; the demanding economy of administration; honesty in the collection, and application of the revenues, and equality of taxation and currency for the benefit of the people; denouncing the efforts of the Republican party to retain the power it has usurped by establishing negro supremacy in the South, by military force, and disfranchisement of the whites, as an outrage on Democratic principles, and an attempt to undermine and destroy the Republic; stigmatizing the refusal to submit the question of negro suffrage to the people as a cowardly evasion of the Republicans that incapacity, corruption, legislative degredation and revenue demorilization is proof that the Republicans are incapable of governing the country calling on the Federal Government to enforce the doctrine that adopted citizens are entitled to protection opposing the the Excise Law and urging its repeal and winding up with thanks to the soldiers and sailors.

The following ticket was nominated. For Secretary of State, Homer A. Nelson, of Dutchess; Comptroller, Judge W. F. Allen, of Oswego; Treasurer, H. Bristol, of Tioga; Attorney General, M. B. Champlain, of Alleghany; Richmond, of Wayne; State Prison Inspector, Solomon Schen, of Erie; Canal Commissioner, John D. Fray, of Genessee; Judge of Court of Appeals, Martin Grover, of Alleghany.

The Republican, New York State Convention met at Syracuse, Wednesday the 25th, and nominated Gen. McKean, of Saratoga, for Secretary of State; Calvan T. Hubbard, of St. Lawrence, Comptroller; Gen. T. C. Gates, of Ulster, State Treasurer; Judge Vancoff, of Kings, Attorney-General. The platform embraces an affirmation of impartial suffrage, a strongly-worded protest against maladministration and corruption in the affairs of the State, and an emphatic declaration in support of Congress and its policy. Recognition is given to the services of Union soldiers, and the official conduct of Mr. Stanton. And thanks are accorded to Gov. Fenton and Senators Morgan and Conklin. A resolution was also adopted favorable to a modification of the Excise and Sunday Laws.

C. V. CULVER, of Reno, Pa., formerly member of Congress, whose failure for $4,000,000 caused such commotion, has been fully released by all the Courts, and with heroic purpose has consumated a plan to settle his debts and place his railroad schemes in living condition again.

THE largest circulation among juvenile papers, not gratuitously circulated, is enjoyed by the *Youth's Companion*, a paper started by Fanny Fern's father, and now edited by Mr. D. S. Ford. It has a subscription list of sixty-five thousand.

### SOME PLAIN ENGLISH BY SPEAKER COLFAX.

Speaker Colfax wrote a letter to the Border State Convention that met at Baltimore, last week, but it was not presented because of the absence of the person to whom it was addressed. The following is the concluding portion thereof:

"It is time to settle what is a Republican government. If a State which enfranchises by the tens of thousands every man who bore arms to destroy the nation, and along with them every man who took official allegiance to a so-called government, which could only exist on the ruins of the Republic, and at the same time disfranchise by the tens of thousands other men who are free citizens of the United States and unmisiakably loyal; if such a State has a Republican government, I would like some learned jurist to inform us what would be an anti-Republican government.

If a State where loyalty is made odious and devotion to the Union in its darkest hours of trial is punished by ostracism, outrage and dishonor, and the bitterest enmity and bloody hostility to the Republic is the surest passport to social distinction, to public honor and to official trust, if that kind of government is the one that the United States is to guarantee, and that means, to secure, to endorse, to protect, our Revolutionary fathers must have sadly misunderstood the meaning of the language they placed so solemnly and emphatically in the Constitution. I will not insult their memories by believing it. I have the fullest faith in that Congress which has dared to defy the rebel hate and executive obloquy, and believe they will not allow such conduct to go unrebuked. It is their duty to protect loyal men everywhere, and they will do it. Sneered at and denounced for sending investigating committees South when the President's policy had ripened into that horrid crop of riots, outrages and massacres. The legislation which grew out of these investigations has been endorsed since by all who love loyalty and abhor rebellion throughout the land; and though their first duty when they reassemble will be to determine whether the recent Executive acting so flagrantly defiant of the will of the people, and persistent obstruction to reconstruction by law, and a persistent defier of the expressed will of the nation; yet I cannot doubt that they will also execute that constitutional guarantee so wisely and so thoroughly that hereafter men in the Border States, as elsewhere, shall no longer realize that devotion to the country has brought upon them dishonor, tyranny, and oppression, but throughout the whole Republic every one who has proved his love of the Union, and who rejoices in its preservation, shall be adequately protected against all enemies by the power of the land he helped to save.

### FROM DAKOTAH.

**Lively Times on the Border—Two Thousand Indians Repulsed by Three Companies of U. S. Troops—Attack on a Train.**

Special Correspondence of Pitts. Commercial.

FORT PHIL. KEARNEY, D. T., August 20th, 1867.

Since my last writing, matters have been quite lively in this vicinity. A fight took place with the Indians in the pineries, about six miles from this post, on the morning of the second of this month. One small company from this post was attacked by from fifteen hundred to two thousand Indians in a small corral, and were repulsed, charge after charge, untill reinforced by two companies from the Fort. Such an example of fortitude and bravery as was displayed by the little band that was attacked, is worthy of great praise. Nothing saved them from annihilation but their coolness. The company had with them a new army breech-loading gun, which was a terror to the redskins. These guns can be loaded and fired eight times a minute, and are the dread of all the Indians on the border. We whipped the redskins badly, and forced them to leave the field. They left on the field three of their dead, which they could not get off, and which they seldom do, as they risk a dozen lives to secure one from our hands. It is plain to one accustomed to their mode of fighting to see that it was nothing short of expecting total annihilation that caused them to leave their dead with us.

Shortly after this fight, Company B, of the 27th United States Infantry, of which I am a member, was sent to escort a train and Paymaster to Fort Reno. We did not see an Indian until we started on our return to this post, when at "Crazy Women," a small stream twenty-eight miles west of Reno, a large number of redskins made a dash for the wagons in the rear of the train. They got so far as to commence emptying the wagons, when our soldiers poured such a volley into them that they were forced to retreat in great haste. As soon as the alarm was given to the front part of the train, we corraled as soon as possible, and twenty of us, with one piece of artillery, went back to reinforce those in the rear. On going back, the Indians attacked us from the Bluffs, and we cut through them. One man was shot, but not killed. We expect to see livelier times on the border, if the Government does not send reinforcements, and do something to check these red devils in their career of blood and plunder.

J. P. N.

THE Chairman of the Democratic Committee for Columbia county has issued an address, demanding that "the past *be forgotten.*" We don't wonder the Democrats want to bury their former disloyalty in oblivion. A more shameful record was never made up. But the masses of the American people are not ready thus to condone their offences.

### THE SOUTH.

**Political and Personal Movements.**

A letter from Mississippi says: President Johnson's recent proclamation has infused new spirit and courage into the opposition, and has had the effect to alarm, and to some extent embitter, the negro population. They (the negroes) seem to construe the manner and tone of the rebels into that of triumph, and many of them believe that they may have to fight yet again before their liberties are fully secured. General Alcorn (Senator elect under the Johnson Government), spoke here last night, in the Senate Chamber. His speech reminded me of one of the mighty efforts of Daniel Webster. He does not call himself a Republican, but says he is a "reconstructed ally." He declares as follows: *"I intend to vote for a Republican President at the next election."* He is a host in himself. They abuse him as a Republican. He is doing more good than any ten men in the State. The Republican party will certainly win in this State. At a meeting in the interior, the Rev. J. P. Jacobs, of Natchez, spoke. Although thirty years a slave, he acquitted himself with honor, and established the fact that the colored man is susceptible of civilization. The meeting was addressed by several of our colored friends, satisfactorily to all.

A letter from Virginia says: Wonderful Radical changes have taken place with us. But the removal of Stanton, Sheridan, Sickles, and the pardon proclamation have made the unreconstructed more defiant than ever. Will Andy fight? The rebels all think so, and we have had the rebel General Rosser here, evidently organizing for the conflict. Tell our friends to "pipe all hands" and stand ready to give them a broad-side, between wind and water.

A florida letter says: Registration will be complete in this part of the State in a few days. The Union men are well organized, and I think we will carry the elections. The freedmen will all vote the Union ticket solid.

From South Carolina a correspondent writes: Everywhere in our State Republicanism—the tree of liberty—is growing rapidly. * * * Everywhere the white laboring man is falling in with the overtures of Republicanism. As soon as the nominations are made the campaign will open with much activity. In some of the districts, where the white and the colored are nearly equal in numbers, the contest will be warm.

### Outrage in Maryland.

The following letter appears in the New York *Tribune*:

One of the grossest outrages ever perpetrated in this State was enacted at Chestertown, Kent county, last week. The victim was a young man named Sullivan, who had been there several days selling religious books and pictures. Although Sullivan had conducted himself in a most exemplary manner, and never once indulged in the luxury of expressing his opinions upon political questions, it was not long before he became "suspected" of being a Radical, and the young bloods at once determined to punish and drive out the intruder. He was invited to join a party to gather fruit, clandestinely, from a neighboring orchard, and after arriving there, by previous arrangement, persons who had been stationed in the orchard fired blank cartridges, when all the party except Sullivan fell, pretendingly, mortally wounded. Frightened out of his wits, Sullivan ran for his life. The next day the matter being explained he accepted it as a joke. A few days afterward a young man named William Houston called at Sullivan's hotel and invited him to ride with him into the country. The invitation was accepted, and they drove to the house of Benjamin Beck, Jr., some five or six miles distant, where they remained until after tea.

After nightfall Houston proposed that they return, which was done by an out-of-the-way road leading through a large wood used as a camp ground. In this wood they were met by H. W., alias Doc Vickers, Milner Jones, and Thomas Wicks, who forcibly took Sullivan from the carriage, tied him to a tree, blackened him, destroyed his clothing, and beat and bruised him in a most unmerciful manner, and, putting a pistol to his head, threatened to blow out his brains unless he promised to leave the next day before ten o'clock, and not to divulge anything about the affair. To all the entreaties of Sullivan for help Houston replied that he was "on parole" and could not assist him. Left in this condition, Sullivan made his way to town the next day, and lodged complaint before a justice of the peace, who held the parties to bail for their appearance at the next term of Kent county Court. Now, that your readers may understand who these parties are, and judge of the prospect of having justice meted out to them, I need only say that Vickers is the son of General George Vickers, the leader of the conservative rebel party in that county, and the prospective Chief Justice of her court. Houston is the son of Dr. Houston, ex-Register of Wills, a leading rebel, and nephew of Richard Hynson, a prominent lawyer of the same politics. Jones was a member of Mosby's Cavalry. Wickes is a brother of Joseph A. Wickes, a prominent lawyer, a member of the late Constitutional Convention, and prospectively an associate judge of the same circuit—and each and all are "pinks" of Southern chivalry, and members of the "first families" of Chestertown.

Now, with this influence at their backs, and the judges, clerks, jurors, and every one connected with the administration of justice approvers if not instigators of the outrage, does any sane man believe that they will be punished? Knowing the whole batch as I do, and especially considering the strenuous efforts being made by the relations of these young outlaws to induce Sullivan to compromise the affair for a sum of money, and the fact that no lawyer among the old residents of Chestertown could be found to counsel Mr. Sullivan, I am forced to the conclusion that this outrage was *known, approved,* and *encouraged* by the parents, relatives, and friends of these young highwaymen. If anything more is needed to convince Congress of the necessity of reconstructing Maryland, and that, without it, the life of a loyal man is unsafe, God only knows what it is.

This is the first fruits of our new Constitution, and if nothing is done to relieve us it promises to increase a hundred fold. Will Congress do its duty?

Yours, truly, MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 27, 1857.

### Democrats in the Army.

Judge Thurman, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Ohio, and an out-and-out Copperhead, in one of his speeches propounded the following inquiries:

"When the war broke out, I appeal to every man acquainted with the facts to say, where did the men for the army come from? Did not an equal share come from the Democrats?"

The Columbus *Journal* answers Mr. Thurman's questions as follows:

"We assert, without hesitation, that of the 110,000 soldiers raised in Ohio in 1861 and 1862, not 20,000 were Democrats, and we doubt if there were 15,000; and of that number there are not five hundred who have ever claimed to be Democrats, or who have voted the Democratic ticket from the time they entered the army until this day. The Democratic presses and the Democratic leaders, in 1861 and 1862, declared that it was an Abolition war, and advised Democrats to let the Abolitionists and black Republicans fight their own battles. This advice accorded so well with Democratic instincts that it was followed by every Democrat who had not resolved to abandon the party."

It is a fact, patent to every intelligent man, that the Democratic party which is now opposing the reconstruction measures of Congress opposed the war, and denounced the soldiers in unmeasured terms. Nobody knows this fact better than the soldiers themselves.—*Great Republic.*

### Removal of the Remains of Assassination Conspirators.

Says a Washington dispatch of the 3d inst.: On Tuesday in accordance with orders received at Washington Arsenal, by General Ramsey, commandant of the post, from Gen. Grant, Secretary of War, the bodies of the assassination conspirators and of Henry Wirz, the Andersonville jailor, were removed from their graves and reinterred in another portion of the grounds. This removal was rendered necessary by the projected improvements of the arsenal grounds. The body of J. W. Booth was buried in what was known as the warroom of the Penitentiary building. It was enclosed in an ammunition box. After the grave was filled up with dirt, the brick flooring was replaced. The burial having been accomplished, the windows were boarded up and the door made secure, Secretary Stanton taking the key with him. The key was kept at the War Department until a few weeks ago, when it was returned to the arsenal officers. On receipt of orders for the removal of the bodies, including Booth's on Tuesday, laborers were at once set to work, which soon accomplished taking them from the graves before mentioned, and carrying them to No. 1 warehouse, where a trench was dug a few feet from the north wall. In this trench the bodies were placed, and as secrecy had been enjoined, but few persons were aware that the removals had been made. It would seem from this account that the Government does not intend to give up the bodies to the relatives. The bodies of Booth, Payne, Harold, Atzerodt, Wirz and Mrs. Surratt were placed in a common grave.

### PHILADELPHIA.

**Another Raid on the Distillers—Large Number of Seizures.**

PHILADELPHIA, October 4.—United States Marshal Ellmaker, with Lieutenants Fagan and Fields in command of eighty-six marines from the navy yard, went to-day to Port Richmond to take possession of illicit whisky stills and capture the parties engaged in resisting the officers yesterday. The marines having their muskets loaded, over-awed the still owners, and the Marshal's officers were not disturbed except by threats and groans. The work is yet going on, and over one hundred illegal stills will be broken up before night.

THE Harrisburg *Telegraph*, says, David Paul Brown, who has made more failures in politics than any man of his age in the State, who has been all things to all men, a sort of literary Paul Clifford, a legal fop, a spendthrift and a political weathercock, has been hired by the Copperheads of Philadelphia to puff Sharswood. After Sharswood's defeat Brown will deny that he urged his election.

THE rebel newspapers of Georgia and Alabama contain appeals to the Southern whites not to vote at the coming election for a Convention to reorganize the States.

MRS. GEN. TOM THUMB may often be seen promenading Broadway on a fine afternoon. She dresses very neatly, wearing a black silk dress and basque, jockey hat and dark kid gloves.


## Special Notices.

**To Consumptives.**—The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
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6-5, '67-1y 29-13

**Information.**—Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
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**The Healing Pool, and House of Mercy.**—Howard Association Reports for Young Men, on the crime of solitude, and the errors, abuses and diseases which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 6-5-1y

**Errors of Youth.**—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, and receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN OGDEN,
6-5-1y 42 Cedar St., New York.

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The President has not yet been Impeached, but

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COLONEL FORNEY'S

LETTERS FROM EUROPE.

LETTERS FROM EUROPE

BY JOHN W. FORNEY,

EDITOR OF THE "PHILADELPHIA PRESS" AND "WASHINGTON CHRONICLE," AND SECRETARY OF THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Since the commencement of the publication of Colonel Forney's letters from Europe in THE PHILADELPHIA DAILY and WEEKLY PRESS, the publisher of those papers has been in the receipt of innumerable inquiries from those who wished to know if the correspondence would not appear in book form. In accordance with their requests, we will now state that these letters, carefully revised and re-written, with important additions, are now in press, and will shortly be given to the world, in a large duodecimo volume of 500 pages, by the publishing house of T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, who are sparing no expense to make of it a book which shall combine every feature of typographical excellence characteristic of the best publications of this firm. It will contain an excellent steel portrait of the author, engraved in the finest style of the art, by one of the best artists in the country, and it will be in every respect a work acceptable to the numerous friends of Colonel Forney. The correspondence gives the author's impressions of various countries which he visited during an European tour of several months, with observation upon society, politics, amusements, manufactures, educational and religious institutions, in England, France, Switzerland, Germany, Belgium, and Holland. The variety of these letters may be judged from the fact that they were written from London, Liverpool, Oxford, Windsor, Hatfield, Stratford-upon-Avon, Chester, Paris, Berne, Lake Leman, Baden Baden, Heidelberg, Wiesbaden, On the Rhine Coblentz, Brussels, Antwerp, the Hague, and various other places on the Continent of Europe.

The work will be published in one large duodecimo volume of over 500 pages, printed on the finest paper, and handsomely bound in cloth. Price, Two Dollars.

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WANTED—AGENTS and CANVASSERS are wanted in every county, town, and village in the United States and Canada, to engage in getting up a list of subscribers to the above work.
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## Miscellaneous.

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OUR NEW FAMILY MACHINE,

Has been over two years in preparation, and which has been brought to perfection regardless of time, labor or expense, and is now confidently presented to the public as incomparably the best Sewing Machine in existence.

The Machine in question is simple, compact, durable and beautiful. It is quiet, light running and capable of performing a large and variety of work never before attempted upon a single Machine—using either Silk, Twist, Linen or Cotton thread, and sewing with equal facility the very finest and coarsest materials, and anything between the two extremes, in the most beautiful and substantial manner. Its attachments for Hemming, Braiding, Corning, Tucking, Quilting, Felling, Trimming, Binding, etc., are Novel and Practical, and have been invented and adjusted especially for this Machine.

New designs of the unique, useful and popular folding tops and cabinet cases peculiar to the Machines manufactured by this Company have been prepared for enclosing the new Machines. These are gotten up in every variety of wood, such as Black Walnut, Mahogany, Rosewood, and the like, and from the plainest to the most elaborate pattern and finish—the Machines themselves being more or less highly ornamented, to correspond with the Tables or Cabinets for which they are intended.

A few reasons why SINGER'S latest improved SEWING MACHINES are the best for Family and General Purposes.

1st. You can sew anything from the finest single thickness of Swiss or Nainsook to several thicknesses of the heaviest Beaver cloth, using any kind or size of thread with equal facility, from No. 200 Cotton up to the heaviest patent of Linen thread.

2d. It uses a short, straight needle, easily set, and makes the popular Lock Stitch alike on both sides.

3d. It has an even self-adjusting tension which requires no change for different thicknesses of material or different sizes of thread.

4th. It is free from all springs, wires and other complications, and is almost noiseless.

5th. No threads to hold or wheels to turn in starting.

6th. It does not have to be taken apart to oil and clean it.

7th. It has a perfect feed whereby you can sew the finest materials without having to keep your work stretched to prevent its "puckering," and you never have to assist the work through as in all other machines.

8th. It will hem any width, sew a straight seam, or make a fell in the most perfect manner, with less skill than is required to sew a straight seam on any other machine.

Its attachments for Braiding, Corning, Quilting, Binding, Tucking, &c., are novel and practical, and require but little skill to use them.

Careful instructions given at the house of the purchaser.

Money refunded if the machines are not as represented.

Every machine warranted and kept in repair three years without charge.

H. F. UNCAPHER,
Agent for Greene County,
Waynesburg, Pa.
9-11-1f.

PLASTIC SLATE

FOR

*ROOFING*

AND OTHER PURPOSES.

As a Roofing Material it stands unrivalled. A mastic—it adapts itself to every shape and slope. Non-combustible, impervious, non-expansive, and undecaying.

FROST DOES NOT CRACK NOR HEAT DISSOLVE IT.

The only roofing material ever discovered that will resist the action of the elements as long as the structure it protects. Being susceptible of fitted, if desired over from carpentry, and perfectly FIRE-PROOF. It is unequalled as a coating for Manufacturing and Farm Buildings, fences, bridges, bottoms of Vessels, Vaults, &c.

References given in any part of the county, or specimens shown to visitors. Apply by letter, or in person to

R. L. JONES, BENTLEYVILLE, WASH. CO., PA.
S. H. DOAK, R. L. JONES,
Licensees of Wash. and Greene counties.
L. W. JONES, AGENT,
6-24-1f. Waynesburg, Pa.

THE WONDER OF THE AGE!

TIME, MONEY AND LABOR SAVED!

*THE LATEST & BEST CHURN!*

One of the latest Patents, issued on the 11th day of September, 1867, to Wm. R. McCutcheon, of Washington, Iowa, will be on exhibition in a few days at

JOHN MUNNELL'S,

in Waynesburg, Pa. This CHURN must supercede anything of the kind heretofore produced. The simpleness of its construction, and its two-fold or reversed motion, that produces butter from three to six minutes, must induce the community to examine its qualities. It saves time—it saves work—and produces as much butter as any churn in existence. Mr. Munnell has full power to sell rights for Pennsylvania or New York State as well as to furnish Churns to citizens of this county.

8-27-1f. MORRIS, ULLOM & CO., Agents.


## Sales.

GUARDIAN'S SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Greene county, I will sell at public outcry, on the premises, on

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9TH, 1867,

that valuable real estate in Waynesburg, at the corner of Greene and Morgan streets, known as the

"EAGLE FOUNDERY!"

late the property of DANIEL OWENS, dec'd., with the tools, patterns and appurtenances. This foundery is now in operation and doing a successful and

PROFITABLE BUSINESS!

There is a FRAME HOUSE erected on the lot which will be sold with the foundery.

TERMS:

One-third of the purchase money in hand at confirmation of sale, the balance in two equal annual payments with interest from confirmation. Possession given immediately. The purchaser to secure the payment of the first installment upon confirmation of sale.

JOHN MUNNELL,
9-25-1f. Guardian.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

By virtue of an order issued of the Orphans' Court of the county of Greene, I will expose to Public sale, in front of the Court House, in Waynesburg, Pa., on

SATURDAY, 2ND DAY OF NOVEMBER

next, the following described Real Estate, late the property of Susannah Beeler, dec'd., to wit: A certain messuage and half lot of ground situate in the borough of Waynesburg, on the south side of Greene street, adjoining lot No. 185 on the east, South street on the south, and the other half of the said lot on the west—it being the east half of the lot marked B in the original plan of the said town—on which there is erected a comfortable one story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

Coal House, and other out buildings. A well of good water, and some excellent fruit trees are also on the premises.

TERMS:

The above described property will be sold for CASH on confirmation. P. A. KNOX,
9-25-3t. Adm'r.

LAND SALE.

For sale, 1,500 acres of Timber land, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, near Littleton Station, West Va., on which there is a Steam Saw Mill. Tannery and abundance of the best kind of Stave, Building and Stave Timber. Is rich and well adapted to grazing, and will be cut in parcels to suit purchasers. Apply to O. Marshall near the premises, or to Dawson, Adams, Waynesburg, Greene County, Pa.
9-25-3m

ESTRAY.—STRAYED FROM THE Premises of the undersigned, in Aleppo township, Greene county, Pa., about ten days since, a dark dun Cow, about three years old, white face and some white upon an end of each horn. Yearling Heifer, with a large bell on. Any person retaining the same, or giving information where they can be found, will be liberally rewarded. DAVID MURRAY.
Oct. 2, '67.

## The Waynesburg Republican.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF THE MAILS TO AND FROM WAYNESBURG:

From Waynesburg to Wash'n Boro', arrival, Wednesdays, 7½ p. m.; departure, Wednesdays, 8, a. m.—via Jolley town.

From Waynesburg to Willow Tree, arrival, Wednesdays, 11 a. m.; departure, Wednesdays, 12, m.

From Washington Pa. to Waynesburg, arrival daily, 7½ p. m.; (except Sundays,) departure daily, 6½ a. m. (except Sundays.)

From Rice's Landing to Waynesburg, arrival daily, 6, p. m., (except Sundays,) departure daily, 6, a. m. (except Sundays.)

From Waynesburg, Pa. to Cameron, W. Va., arrival, Tuesdays and Saturdays, 5, p. m., departure, Mondays and Fridays, 8, a. m.

From Waynesburg to West Alexander, Wash. Co., Pa., arrival, Fridays, 7, p. m., departure, Saturdays, 7, a. m.

From Waynesburg to Morgantown, W. Va., arrival, Wednesdays, 5, p. m., departure, Thursdays, 8, a. m.

From Waynesburg to Middlebourne, W. Va., arrival, Wednesdays, 5, p. m., departure, Thursdays, 8, a. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The attention of our readers is specially directed to the following advertisements, which appear for the first time in our paper to-day.

The latest sensation—A. J. Sowers.

Book Agents Wanted—Parmalee & Bro's.

Col. Forney's Letters from Europe—T. B. Peterson & Brothers.

NO TIME TO DALLY.—If you desire anything from Evan's New Stock you had better go soon. The People know who sells cheapest, and will make a rush for his choice selections.

Carbon Oil, warranted not to Explode, at G. W. Roberts & Co's Drug Store.

ATTENTION is specially directed to the advertisement of "Colonel Forney's Letters from Europe," to be found elsewhere. The character of the letters is briefly stated. They surely will prove interesting to the people.

NAVIGATION on the Monongahela is done for the present. Two tow boats carry freight up and down, but the travel, what there is, is across the country. The late rains may put the river in good running condition.

Window Glass and Putty, for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's Drug Store.

RAIN.—We had a copious shower on last Wednesday night. Never was rain more opportune. The earth was parched, vegetation almost dead, the forest trees sickening, no water for animals, farmers turned up *dog* with the plow. Since this providence, however, all nature has been invigorated.

CHEAP.—All sorts of goods at Evans'.

LIST OF LETTERS.—Remaining in the Post Office at Waynesburg, Pa., October 7th, 1867.

A—Joseph Adamson, Daniel Allison.

B—Jacob Bachrach 2, Felix Boyle, Jr., Miss Molly Bradford.

C—Rufus Cotton.

D—George Delaney.

E—George R. Estel.

F—Lettie Frakes.

G—John A. Gordon,

H—Lizzie H. Harwood, Joseph S. Hupy 2, Thomas Hagar, John F. Hoge,

K—John R. Kear, James F. Kent.

L—E. D. Lindley 2, Richard Long, Cora Linton, Lizzie Lewis, Christian Leuckley.

M—Samuel McNay, S. Montgomery, Asa S. McClellan, Wm. Main, Esq., Wilson Miller, J. Meek, Henry Miller, Mrs. Mary Morris.

GRASS.—Ladies Shawls at Evans'.

Pure White Lead and Linseed Oil, for sale by G. W. Roberts & Co.

SAVAGE ACCIDENT.—Our Newtown correspondent, "C. C. H," under date of the 1st inst., says the camp-meeting at Mt. Morris, was a complete affair. There were an immense crowd of people present, and quite a number of preachers among them. One casualty occured, Mr. Joab Coleman, was severely injured on Sabbath evening, by his horse running over a steep bank, some thirty feet high. The horse was killed outright, and Mr. Coleman had one arm broken and several ribs crushed in, besides being otherwise severely bruised.

Madder and Extract Logwood, warranted, sold at G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store.

STRANGE OCCURRENCE.—Correspondent "J. W. M.," of Cameron, W. Va. sends us the following: A very singular occurrence took place in our neighborhood (the western part of Alleppo township) one night last Summer some notice of which may be interesting to your readers. Some time in the night referred to, a terribly loud explosion was heard by **Mr. Wm. Griffith, Sr.,** living on the road leading from the place of elections for Alleppo township, to Cameron. Mr. Griffith describes the report as equaling in violence that of the heaviest artillery, being sufficient to shake his house very sensibly. Soon after this noise was heard, a large stump with an immense mass of stone and earth attached, was found sitting on top of the grass, in a field of Mr. Long, near by, and in full view of the public road. About thirty yards *below* the stump there was a hole about ten feet in diameter, corresponding in shape with the mass which had been displaced. The hole was filled with water to within two feet of the top. The stump had been thrown up the hill this considerable distance, together with a log about fifteen feet long which was lying across its roots. The stump and hole in the ground are still to be seen by any one passing the road. What was the nature of the mighty force that could have produced such an effect is an interesting subject of inquiry.

Lime by the Barrel or Pound, at G. W. Roberts & Co's Drug Store.

CAPT. COULTERS.—Our fellow townsman, Capt. W. H. Stoy, is actively engaged in making arrangements for giving his prize concerts and announces that the time will be definitely fixed by the last of this week. The original proposition was to give only *four* concerts, he now proposes to give *six*, one at each of the following named places: Waynesburg, Washington, Uniontown, Brownsville, Connellsville and Monongahela City, the two latter places having merited it by the sale of tickets in their respective localities. The last concert will come off at Brownsville, when the prizes will be awarded consisting of $1,000 in musical instruments, ranging from a $500 piano down to a $1,50 mouth organ. 1,500 tickets are to be sold and 100 will entitle us to a concert. We are loth to believe else than that the Capt's. numerous friends here will readily take them.

Dye Stuffs, of all kinds, and of the best quality, sold at G. W. Roberts & Co's, Drug Store.

THE RUTH AND LITTLE CASE.—The case of Ruth and Little, the Washington county Fogler-lawyers, was decided on the 23d inst. His honor **Judge Ateleson** delivered an able opinion on the case. The concluding portion of it is as follows:

"It is therefore ordered and adjudged that the respondent I. R. W. Little, be suspended from the practice of the law as an attorney of this Court for the period of two years from this date, and that the respondent, James R. Ruth, be suspended from the practice of the law as an attorney of this Court for the period of one year from this date. We make this distinction because the latter appears to have been less active and culpable in this disgraceful transaction than his colleague."

ALWAYS FOREMOST.—Evans is just openings the fullest and best assorted stock of Fall and Winter goods ever brought to this market.

For the REPUBLICAN.

EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS.—Prof. Thomas J. Teal, our present Superintendent of Common Schools, held an examination for teachers for Marion and Franklin townships in the Union School House, in this place, on Monday of last week. We had the pleasure of attending this examination, and can say from actual observation, that it was both critical and thorough, showing a great advance both in matter and method over former examinations. Not only was the Superintendent careful and conscientious in the discharge of the duties of his office, but the teachers present all showed a noble spirit of enthusiasm and emulation, each striving hard to secure a "No. 1 Certificate."

The attendance was as follows: Gents—John S. Hughes, who assisted in the examination of on Mental Arithmetic; W. F. Orr, who assisted in various duties of the examination; G. W. Hoskinson, Isaiah H. Lawver, Thomas J. Loar, J. F. Crumrine, B. H. Clark, and J. Jackson Purman, who conducted the examination on the History of the United States, which is now a *required* branch on each teacher's certificate by Act of Assembly of last April. Ladies—Misses Similda Ross, Lizzie C. Bower, Cynthia Graham, Bell Coleman, Elizabeth Babbett, Mary S. Bradford, Mattie H. Parker, Mollie E. Hedge, Anna M. Cosgray and Julia Cosgray. Directors from Franklin: Jacob Shriver, Thomas Hook, John Loar and Cephas Grimes. Besides these there were several visitors from town and vicinity. EDITOR.

Pot Ash, Soda Ash and Sal Soda, for sale a G. W. Roberts & Co's Drug Store.

*"To be, or not to be—that's the question."*
Whether to suffer with mental anguish,
Feverish lips, cracking pains, dyspeptic agonies,
And nameless bodily suffering;
Or whether, with sudden dash,
Seize a bottle of Plantation Bitters,
And, as Gunther swears, be my self a man again.
Gunther said my eyes were hollow.
My visage haggard, my breath tremendous bad,—
My disposition troublesome—in fact,
He gently hinted I was fast becoming
Quite a nuisance.
Four bottles now beneath my vest have disappeared,
My food has relish, my appetite is keen,
My step elastic, my mind brilliant, and
Nine pounds, avoirdupois, is added to my weight.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the price.

EVANS says his goods and prices will bear inspection and extends the broad invitation to everybody to come and examine them. Come one, come all,

Bengal and Spanish Float Indigo, for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store.

"DISTINGUISHED ARRIVAL."—Evans' New Goods have just come from Philadelphia, and are meeting a most hearty reception.

MAGNIFICENT.—Evans' Stock of Ladies Dress goods.

THE ELECTION.—At this writing, (Tuesday) the polls are open and the citizens quietly depositing their ballots. Both parties are working quietly but vigorously. The Republicans seem wide awake and, if we may judge their activity elsewhere by that in Marion, we predict the County and State will give a good account of themselves.

THE BIGGEST THING OUT.—Evans' stock of domestic Dry Goods.

THE greatest variety, of Flannel at Evans'.

NOTIONS.—At Evans' in great variety and cheaper than the cheapest.

For the REPUBLICAN.

AN ITEM IN NATURAL HISTORY.—A few days ago a tortoise, or land turtle, was picked up on the farm of J. C. Flenniken, Esq., above town, bearing the following inscriptions, cut into the *lower shell* of the animal: "J. O. 1833," and "J. S. J., 1841," and some other hieroglyphics which resembled the numbers "1845." To the naturalist the antiquarian, the curiosity seeker, or the scientific observer, this little crustacean measuring about seven inches in length by four or five in breadth is an object of interest. Our first question naturally is, who cut these initials and dates? Does J. S. J. stand for James S. Jennings? or for John S. Jennings? or for some one else having the same initials? Our second question quickly follows, which really is a series rather than one question: How old is this animal? what are its habits of life? Goldsmith in his "Animated Nature," published by J. B. Lippencott, 1866, Vol. 4. p. 14, gives a short, succinct and popular account of the tortoise, where, among other animals, we are told that it lives from eighty to a hundred and twenty years grows from one to seven feet in length, can have its brain extracted and yet live on and has sufficient strength to carry a man on its back with ease. All, who, like the writer of this article love to study natural objects and phenomena, or investigate facts in science or history, will find *tortoiology*, or more properly *tortoise ology*, both interesting and pleasant.

J. JACKSON PURMAN.

EXQUISITE.—The Winter style of Bonnets at Evans'.

OIL AND GOLD.—The oil excitement, the Pittsburgh *Gazette* informs us, in this county has found new impetus in a recent strike made at the the old Bobtail well, which is now owned by the Birmingham Oil Company. The well is now steadily producing fifteen barrels per day of superior oil. A few days ago two full tanks of oil were consumed by fire entailing a heavy loss.

The gold shaft has been sunk a considerable depth and rich gold quartz in limited quantities has been obtained. The shaft is guarded and the operations are kept from the public. The excitement over the reputed rich yield of gold quartz is very great and no land in the neighborhood can be purchased.

FANCY.—The "Sensation" Hats, at Evans'.

RETURNED.—Mr. "Ben." Hook arrived at his home, near this place, last week, after an absence of a few months "across the water." He visited Great Britain, and took a short run over the continent; through France, visiting the Paris Universal Exposition; the classic fields of Italy, and Germany, and Holland. The gentleman expresses himself much pleased with his tour and returns looking well.

BEAUTIFUL.—The fashionable Cloaks at Evans'.

OUR WANT.—A general renewal of business. Cause—good crops.

CORONATIONS.—The Splendid Pens at Evans'.

STOCKHOLDERS TAKE NOTICE.—There will be an election held on the 1st Tuesday of November next, at the office of A. A. Purman, in Waynesburg, to elect five managers and one President of the Waynesburg turnpike co. for said road for the ensuing year.

By order of the President,

A. A. PURMAN, Sec'y.

HOW ADVERTISEMENTS WORK.—A French paper thus traces the sensation of a reader of advertisements.

The first advertisement—he doesn't see it.
The second insertion—he sees it but don't read it.
The third insertion—he reads.
The fourth insertion—he looks at the price
The fifth insertion—he speaks of it to his wife.
The sixth insertion—he is willing to buy.
The seventh insertion—he purchases.

GENERAL GRANT, since going into the War Department, has received a number of letters, some of them anonymous, and others from unknown persons, urging him to grant care for his personal safety. The writers represent generally that his life is of the utmost importance to the nation. Some advise him to refrain from going about the city unattended. Others knowing his penchant for fast horses beg him to handle them with every possible precaution. One advises him to keep away from theatres, and another urges caution in the admission of persons who wish private interviews.

PERSONAL.—Hon. Wm. Montgomery, of Washington county, advertises all his real and personal property for sale, and it is said that he and his family intend to leave the country.

## Married.

*Notices of Marriages and Deaths inserted free; but all Tributes of Respect and Obituaries charged eight cents a line. The money must be advanced to secure their insertion.*

CAMPBELL—GUNN.—On Monday, Sept. 23, 1867, by Rev. Alex White, Mr. Benj. Campbell, of Waynesburg, Pa., and Miss Eliza Gunn, of Burnsville, Washington Co. Pa.

In life there is many a desert waste and we applaud the sense that prompts one to secure a *Campbell* and the other a *Gunn*, this promising mutual protection from plundering Redouins, as they progress in the journey. We trust that "Ben" will find her an admirable *firearm*, not dangerous to handle, or likely to go off without warning.

ROGERS—McCORMICK.—On—— of Sept. last, by Rev. ——, Lieut. Jno. Rogers, of Centre tp., and Miss Carrie McCormick, of our town.

SARGEANT—ACKLEY.—Sept. 12th, '67, at the house of the bride's father, Joshua Ackley by Rev. Alex. W. White, Hiram Sargeant of Beallsville Pa., to Miss Minerva Ackley of Greene Co., Pa.

## Died.

WHITLATCH.—On Oct. 5th, inst., Mr. Barnet Whitlatch, of Franklin tp.

SAYERS.—On Thursday, the 3rd inst., "Willie," oldest child of Benj. F. and Margaret Sayers, aged 6 years.

## Markets.

### WAYNESBURG MARKET.

WAYNESBURG, Oct. 2, 1867.

Corrected Weekly for the REPUBLICAN.

| | |
|---|---|
| **PRODUCE.** | |
| Butter (fresh roll), ₱ lb | 25 |
| Eggs ₱ doz | 15 |
| Potatoes ₱ bush | 75@1 00 |
| Lard ₱ lb | 10 |
| Tallow ₱ lb | 08 |
| Country Soap ₱ lb | 08 |
| Dried Peaches ₱ lb | 10 |
| **FLOUR AND GRAIN.** | |
| Flour ₱ bbl | 10 50 |
| Wheat ₱ bush | 1 80 |
| Rye ₱ bush | 80 |
| Corn ₱ bush | 60 |
| Corn Meal ₱ bush | 75 |
| **GROCERIES.** | |
| Coffee ₱ lb | 30@33 |
| Teas ₱ | 1 85 |
| Brown Sugar ₱ lb | 15 |
| Refined sugar ₱ lb | 20 |
| Syrup ₱ gal | 60 |
| Molasses (N. Orleans,) | 1 20 |
| Sorghum ₱ gal | 1 00 |
| Salt ₱ bbl | 3 00 |
| Rice ₱ lb | 15 |

### PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

MONDAY, Oct. 7, 1867.

The receipts of some of the leading articles of produce per river and rail, since our last, were as follows: Flour 802 bbls; apples 154 bbls; cheese 96 box; corn 1,80 sacks; wheat 782 sacks; rye 30 sacks; oats 1,589 sacks, and butter 77 pkgs.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale store prices:

GRAIN AND FLOUR.

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat, Penn'a. and Ohio, Winter Red ₱ | 2 75 |
| Rye ₱ bush | 1 40 |
| Oats ₱ bush | 65 |
| Corn ₱ bush | 81 27 |
| Spring Wheat Flour | 10 50@10 75 |
| Winter Wheat | 12 50@12 75 |

PROVISIONS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Shoulders | 16½@17 |
| Sugar Cured Hams | 21@23 |
| Lard | 13@14 |
| Potatoes ₱ bush | 45@50 |
| Apples ₱ bbl | 2 25@3 00 |
| Cheese | 17@18 |
| Eggs ₱ doz | 2 80 |
| Butter | 30 |

### CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, Oct. 5, 1867.

FLOUR—Active and firm; Spring higher at $9 00@10 30 for extra.

WHEAT—Opened firm and 2c higher; sales at 2c and 2 at for No. 1; 1 at 1 at for No. 2, closing steady at 1 at for No. 2.

OATS—Active and firm; 2c higher at 31 @32c.

RYE—Active and 2c higher, closing steadily at 1 at.

BARLEY—Opened firm and 2c higher; sales at 1 at and closed at 1 at for No. 2, and 1 at for No. 3.

PROVISIONS—Quiet; mess pork 1 at; hard 13½@14c.

BEEF CATTLE—Quiet at $6 00@6 50 for good to choice shipping.

HOGS—Dull and unchanged.

### BALTIMORE MARKET.

BALTIMORE, October 5.—Flour quiet and firm. Wheat strongest; prime white 1 at 2 at; and very scarce; prime red steady. Rye firm at $1 50@1 60.

### COTTON MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 5.—Cotton in fair demand; sales 2,0 bales low middlings at 17@18c.

Six regiments and two batteries of the Maryland Militia, dressed in gray, are to parade shortly and go into camp for a few days, under Major General Bowerman, who has invited the President and Gen. Grant to review his troops. Of course the invation will not be accepted.


A NEW DISCOVERY.—SOMETHING USEFUL FOR EVERY FAMILY.

Gehr's Excelsior Liquid Cement, will positively mend Dishes, Crocks, Glass, &c., in one minute, and make them as strong as ever. It stands warm water and all ordinary use; and will break anywhere as easily as at the joint. I will send a family right to make it for $50 cts., a bottle for the same. Druggists keep the ingredients, only two articles mixed. Agents do well by making and selling it. Address,

J. B. GEHR,
Oct. 2-3t Shirmanstown, Penn'a.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The firm of S. A. FOUTZ & BRO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm will please call and settle with S. A. Foutz retiring, D. E. FOUTZ is hereby authorized to settle the business of the late firm, and will continue the business in his own name.

S. A. FOUTZ.
DAVID E. FOUTZ.

I will continue in the WHOLESALE DRUG AND SPICE MILL BUSINESS MANUFACTURING FOUTZ'S MEDICINES, at the old place, No. 116 Franklin street, under the name and style of DAVID E. FOUTZ.
9,25-2t Baltimore, Md.

## Miscellaneous.

MEDICAL.

DR. WHITTLESY.

DR. P. WHITTLESY, Physician for chronic Diseases, has a permanent office in Washington, Pennsylvania, where he has been engaged for the past twelve years in the successful treatment of all

DISEASES OF A CHRONIC NATURE.

The Doctor might present a volume of certificates of cures, complimentary notices, &c., but the most satisfactory testimonial will be given the public in a trial of his skill. Dr. W. devotes exclusive attention to Chronic Ailments, in which his practice has been uniformly successful, effecting cures in many cases that have baffled all other systems of treatment.

Paralysis, Rheumatism, Bronchitis, Catarrah, Deafness, Diseases of the Spine, Stomach, Heart, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Lungs, Female Diseases, General Debility, &c., &c.,

Are all promptly and permanently cured by the Doctor's system of treatment. During the past few years, the Doctor has registered hundreds of cases to which he will be pleased to give those references who may call upon him. He invites all afflicted with any form of Chronic disease and having failed to obtain relief, to

GIVE HIS MEDICINES A TRIAL.

His principal agents are selected entirely from the Vegetable Kingdom, and these are so combined as to equalize the vital forces of the body and thereby restore it to perfect health. The Doctor has been especially successful in the treatment of all

FEMALE DISEASES.

Women by the score fall victims to maladies peculiar to their sex, many of whom might be saved from lives of wretchedness and premature graves by applying in time to Dr. W. The remedies employed in the practice of Dr. W. are manufactured exclusively by him from his own Medical Laboratory, and are always pure in quality and specific in effect. Dr. W. diagnoses disease by means of the Urine, the only infallible test of disease, never failing to discover its nature, locality and curability, thus enabling him to employ a

RATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CURATIVE TREATMENT,

Of the absolute certainty of his mode of diagnosis he can submit every patient who gives him a trial, from the urine alone he will tell accurately all that can be known of any disease. In the examination of this secretion, he employs optical, chemical and microscopical tests, no case being presented in which one of these tests is not sufficient to an accurate diagnosis. The Doctor does not claim to be an "cure all," nor yet "the right arm of the Almighty stretched forth to save the world from premature dissolution," but he does profess from scientific requirements and

*YEARS OF EXPERIENCE,*

Devoted exclusively to the treatment of chronic ills, with his infallible tests of disease, to be able to relieve and permanently cure all those cases which are not already beyond the reach of remedies.

OFFICE

CORNER OF MAIN & CHESTNUT STS.,

OPPOSITE THE MANSION HOUSE

WASHINGTON, PA.

CONSULTATIONS

FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

9-4-tf. P. WHITTLESY.

FIRST ARRIVAL

OF A FULL STOCK OF

*FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS!*

AT

SHIRK & SUTTON'S.

We desire to inform our customers and all those who wish to buy

GOOD GOODS AT LOW PRICES

That we are receiving a complete stock of Fall and Winter Goods, which we are determined to sell, if you will come and see them. Our stock of

DRY GOODS,

embrace the best staples, extra heavy brown muslins, drilling, canton flannels, bleached muslin, gingham, a good assortment of

FINE DRESS GOODS:

also, general notions, hosiery, gloves, trimming, ribbons, buttons, &c., &c. Also, a lot of extra flannels, white, red, gray, figured and barred,

IN ABUNDANCE!

Boots and Shoes, extra, heavy, hand made boots, for men and boys, and an assortment of fine and heavy shoes for women, Misses and Children. Come to us to buy your boots and shoes for the winter.

HATS AND CAPS

for men and boys, a great variety, at low prices to suit all. Full style of ladies hats, wreaths, feathers, flowers, Dress trimmings, &c.

Some choice groceries, tea, coffee, sugar, rice, soda, pepper, spice, good indigo, &c. Come and see our stock.

DON'T MISS THE PLACE,

A. Wilson Jr.'s building,

9-18,'67-tf SHIRK & SUTTON.
Waynesburg, Pa.

NOTICE.

In consequence of the death of Milo Haines, of the firm of Haines & Install of Waynesburg, the book accounts and all business connected with the late firm will be settled up by the undersigned, the surviving partner. All persons indebted to said firm will present them properly authenticated for settlement, and persons knowing themselves indebted to the same for furniture, or otherwise, will be required to make immediate payment or suffer cost, for the same will be collected according to law.

THE FURNITURE BUSINESS will be carried on at the old stand by the undersigned, as usual. All orders for work will be promptly attended to. Work warranted substantial, and to give satisfaction.

UNDERTAKING carefully solicited, to which special attention will be given. A fine hearse in constant readiness to attend funerals.

9,18-6w GEORGE STELL.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS.

The Grafton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest, and most Durable Paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure linseed oil, will last in ordinary weather 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, slate, drab, olive or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is invaluable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Carriage and Car-makers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and Ships' Bottoms, Tanners, Mats and Shingle Roofs, it being fire and water proof. Floor Oil cloths, four manufactured having used 400 bbls. the past year, and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and all good qualities. Price $2 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark "Grafton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL BIDWELL,
9,18,'67-4m 254 Pearl Street, New York.


## County Fund.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF MONONGAHELA TOWNSHIP, IN RELATION TO BOUNTY TAX,

James A. Black, Committee of Monongahela township, on draft of March, 1864.

| | |
|---|---|
| DR. | |
| To borrowed money | $2000 00 |
| To subscription money | 3259 00 |
| To recruiting fees | 90 00 |
| | $5349 00 |
| CR. | |
| By amount paid out as per vouchers approved | 5349 00 |
| C. A. Mestrezat Committee of draft of Sept. 1864. | |
| DR. | |
| To amount received from F. & D. Bank, | 4200 00 |
| To amount of subscription money paid him | 3207 00 |
| *To order from School Directors— | |
| | $7457 00 |
| CR. | |
| By amount paid out as per vouchers approved | 7355 00 |

*Amount of above mentioned order from School Directors not entered in proper place on township book, but supposed to be enough to square the account.

James A. Black, Treasurer of Bounty Tax for 1864.

| | |
|---|---|
| DR. | |
| To amount of duplicate | $7531 78 |
| CR. | |
| By am't paid out as per vouchers approved | 7530 93 |
| By am't, credited on his note against the township | 30 86—$7531 78 |

Amount of subscription money received by Andrew Dunlap, Esq., on draft of March 1865.

| | |
|---|---|
| DR. | |
| To amount of subscription | $302 28 |
| To subscription money received by him and not now subscription papers, as Esquire Dunlap admits | 223 55 |
| | $4119 60 |
| CR. | |
| By am't paid C. A. Mestrezat | 3792 60 |
| By am't paid W. H. McCoy | 326 00—4117 60 |

C. A. Mestrezat, Committee of draft of March 1864.

| | |
|---|---|
| DR. | |
| To amount of money received | $10584 25 |
| CR. | |
| By amount paid out | 10584 25 |

Dr. George F. Birch, Treasurer of Bounty Tax for the year 1865.

| | |
|---|---|
| DR. | |
| To amount of duplicate | $2170 52 |
| To amount of subscription | 53 73 |
| | $2223 65 |
| CR. | |
| By receipts from F. & D. Bank | 2170 07 |
| By orders from L. R. Gray for substitute | 220 00 |
| By [illegible] paid on his order for substitute | 24 20 |
| By amount of W. H. McCoy, credit on his order for substitute | 31 18 |
| By amount of I. T. Whitmore, credit on his order for substitute | 25 20 |
| By Treasurer's per centage | 21 61 |
| By John Dunham, collector's per centage | 89 05 |
| | $2201 91 |
| Ballance due Monongahela tp. | 121 74 |
| | $2323 65 |

In the matter of the settlement of the account of William Clevenger, collector of bounty tax for 1865.

| | |
|---|---|
| DR. | |
| To amount of duplicate as specified in the bond of said collector dated May 11, '65 | $4200 00 |
| CR. | |
| By amount that Wm. Montrezat, Treasurer of the bounty tax, admits that Clevenger paid to him as per vouchers not produced, but in Clevenger's favor | 1250 00 |

The auditors have reason to believe that W. Clevenger also paid to the F. & D. Bank of Waynesburg, about eight hundred and fifty dollars, but have had no vouchers produced before them.

The undersigned, auditors of Monongahela tp., certify the above statements to be correct according to vouchers, &c., placed before them.

WILLIAM BOUGHNER,
JOSEPHUS HARTLEY,
Auditors.

9 pd-18-3t


E. M. SAYERS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

In addition to other business will attend to all cases in Bankruptcy that may be entrusted to his care. Office, opposite Drug Store of G. W. Roberts & Co.


## Legal Advertisements.

GENERAL ELECTION

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, in and by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act relating to the elections of the Commonwealth," passed 1st day of July, A. D., 1839, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county within this Commonwealth to give public notice of the General Elections, and in such notice to enumerate

1. The offices to be elected.

2. Designate the place at which the election is to be held.

I, HEATH JOHNS, High Sheriff of the county of Greene, do hereby make known, and give this public notice to the Election of the county of Greene, that

ON THE 2ND TUESDAY OF OCTOBER

next, (being the 8th day of the month) a General Election will be held at the several election districts established by law in said county, at which time they will vote for ballot for the several officers hereinafter named viz:

ONE PERSON for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court of the State.

ONE PERSON for member of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

ONE PERSON for the office of Sheriff of the county of Greene.

ONE PERSON for the office of Treasurer of the county of Greene.

ONE PERSON for the office of Commissioner of the county of Greene.

ONE PERSON for the office of Coroner of the county of Greene.

TWO PERSONS for the office of Jury Commissioner, of the county of Greene, each elector voting for but one.

ONE PERSON for the office of Auditor of the county of Greene.

ONE PERSON for the office of Director of the Poor of the county of Greene.

The said election will be held throughout the county as follows:

The Electors of Franklin township will meet at the house of Smith Green.

The Electors of Marion township will meet at the West window of the Court House in Waynesburg.

The Electors of Whitely township, at the house formerly of Lewis Headlee, Esq., in Newtown.

The Electors of Dunkard township, at the dwelling house at Kassart's Mills.

The Electors of Greene township, at the office of Jeremiah Stephens.

The Electors of Monongahela township, at the house occupied by Wm. Mestrezat, in Maple town.

The Electors of Jefferson township will meet at the house of Wm. Kelly, in Jefferson.

The Electors of Gilmore township, at the school house near W. T. H. Pauley's.

The Electors of Jackson township, at Johnson's school house.

The Electors of Cumberland township, at the West window of the house occupied by Joseph Gore, in Carmichaels.

The Electors of the Borough of Carmichaels at the East window of the house occupied by Joseph Gore, in Carmichaels.

The Electors of Center township, at the house of Samuel Woods in Clinton.

The Electors of Wayne township, at Phillips' school house.

The Electors of Morris township, at the house of Edward Barker.

The Electors of Washington township, at the brick school house between the farms of Heath Jones and Benj. Rose.

The Electors of Aleppo township, at the house of August Miller, on Wheeling Creek.

The Electors of Richhill township, at the house formerly of Joseph Funk, Jacksonville.

The Electors of Perry township, at the house formerly occupied by Lot Minor, in Mt. Morris.

The Electors of Gilmore township, at the house of Enoch Heaney, in Jollytown.

The Electors of Springhill township, at Stephen White's Mill.

I make known and give notice, each and by the 5th section of the aforesaid act I am directed, "that every person, excepting Justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States or of this State, or any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer, or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislature, judiciary or executive department of this State or United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress or State Legislature, and of the select and common council of any city, commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector or judge, or other officer at any such election, shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for."

Also, that in the fourth section of the act of Assembly entitled "An act relating to executions, and for other purposes," approved April 16, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 5th section "shall be so construed as to prevent any militia officer or constable from serving as a judge, inspector or clerk at any general or special election in this Commonwealth."

Also, that in the 61st section of said act it is enacted that "every general or special election shall be opened between the hours of eight and ten in the forenoon and shall continue without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed."

The aforesaid second day, incorporated district and township elections shall be conducted by inspectors and judges chosen as aforesaid and by the same officers and in the same manner as the general state election is hereby directed to be conducted.

Every person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth, agreeably to law, (except the sons of qualified citizens,) shall appear at any place of election, for the purpose of issuing tickets or of influencing citizens qualified to vote, he shall, on conviction, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offence, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding twelve months.

In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for judge shall act as judge at the said election, and in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected judge shall appoint an inspector in his place; and in case the person elected judge shall not attend, then the person who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place; or if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election, shall select one out of their number to fill such vacancy.

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the 76th section of the act first aforesaid, the judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificates of the return of election of their respective districts, and produce them at a meeting of one judge from each district at the house of Waynesburg, on the Third day after the day of election, being **ON FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11th 1867,** then and there to perform the duties required of said judges.

Also, that when a judge, by sickness or unavoidable accident, is unable to attend such meeting of judges, then the certificate or return shall be taken charge of by one of the inspectors or clerks of the election of the district who shall do and perform the duties required of said judge, while so attending.

Also, that the aforesaid second meeting respectively, to attend at the place of holding general and special or township elections, during the day for the purpose of giving the information to the inspectors and judges, when called on, in relation to the right of any person voting at such election, or the legality of the vote offered by them to vote at such election, and also to make out a list of the names of all persons voting at such election, which list shall be signed by the inspectors and clerks of the election.

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is found on the list furnished by the commissioners and assessor, or his right to vote, whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he has been a resident within the State for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof thereof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days next preceding said election, and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is within the district, and that he did not remove into said district for the purpose of voting therein.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof, as required, of his residence and payment of taxes aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he resides."

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officers of an election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall riotously assemble or upon any such assemblage be present, and not immediately disperse upon proclamation, or shall use any practice tending to force or violence, with the view to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting or restrain the freedom of choice, such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and imprisoned for any time not more than two months, and if it shall be shown the court when the trial of such case shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district, or township where the said offence was committed, he shall be sentenced to undergo an imprisonment for a time not more than one thousand dollars, and or imprisoned not less than six months nor more than twelve months.

"If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth, agreeably to law, except the sons of qualified citizens, shall appear at any place of election, for the purpose of issuing tickets or of influencing citizens qualified to vote, he shall, on conviction, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offence, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding twelve months.

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## Business Cards.

T. W. ROSS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office in Jewell's building, West end of Main St. Waynesburg. 4:1-'66-tf.

SLATER ODENBAUGH,

DEALER IN DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

Liquors and everything pertaining to a first class Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully compounded. "Creigh's Old Stand," Waynesburg Pa. 5:32-'66-1y.

GEO. S. JEFFERY,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

All business pertaining to the office attended to promptly. Office with P. & A. Telegraph Co., east of the Court House. 4:1-tf.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

OF WAYNESBURG

DISCOUNT DAY.....TUESDAYS.
D. BONER, Pres't. J. C. FLENNIKEN, Cashier.
May 15, '66-1y.

F. A. BALL,

Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, etc., etc.
AT McCOY'S OLD STAND,
28:8-1y. Greensboro, Pa.

LEWIS DAY,

DEALER IN BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

Wall Paper, Window Paper, &c. Sunday School Books of all kinds constantly on hand, room in Mrs. Rush's building, formerly occupied by Cottorell & Taylor, Waynesburg, Pa.
May 9, '66-1y.

WM. BAILEY,

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Keeps on hands always a choice and select assortment of Watches and Jewelry. Repairing done at the lowest rates. 4:1-'67-1y.

THE MONONGAHELA HOUSE,

RICE'S LANDING, GREENE COUNTY, PA.,

OLIVER & BAYARD, PROPRIETORS,

The best accommodations furnished the travelling public. House and appurtenances complete. Table always spread bountifully with the delicacies of the season. Horses for hire; feed and stabling at reasonable rates. 6:26-tf.

WM. T. WEBB, JR.,

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER,

(IN WILSON'S BUILDING, MAIN ST.)

Saddles, Bridles, Harness kept on hand and made to order. Work done in the best style, and at reasonable rates.
☞Repairing a speciality on short notice.
Farmer friends go look at his stock. 4:24-1y.

DENTISTRY.

I have located in Waynesburg, and am occupying the late residence of Dr. S. S. Patton. Having taken great pains to become thoroughly acquainted with both the theory and practice of Dentistry, and having had an experience of seven years in the profession, I feel warranted in saying that my patients shall have no cause to complain of inferior operations. Extraction will be rendered painless, when desired, by the administration of "Laughing gas" or other anesthetics. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted as represented. I will be at home WITHOUT FEE ADVENTURE from the fifteenth to the thirtieth of every month. JOS. S. HERTIG.
6:12-tf

MARBLE WORKS,

SUMMERSGILL & BRO.

(JEWELL'S OLD STAND, UPPER END OF TOWN.)

The public are respectfully informed that Summersgill & Bro. have just received a large stock of all kinds of

MARBLE WORK!

Such as Grave Stones, Monuments, Mantle Work, &c. We are prepared to furnish work at reasonable terms on short notice. Call and examine our stock, styles, and prices, before purchasing elsewhere. 5:5-tf.

SHERMAN HOUSE,

JUST OPENED BY

THOMAS BRADLEY.

Positively the most complete Hotel in our town. Everything combined to furnish the best accommodation ever yet offered to the public.
Meals furnished at all hours, table provided with the best of the season.
Travellers and those desirous of refreshment will do well to call. "Tom" still retains his old reputation of an accommodating gentleman, and hospitable landlord. House, the one formerly occupied by the "Messenger" Office. 5:2-'66-1y.

JOHN H. HOFFMAN,

MORGANTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA.

*ATTORNEY FOR COLLECTING*

PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, ARREARS OF PAY,

AND ALL MILITARY CLAIMS.

Having had 17 years experience in prosecuting such claims, I have become familiar with the various Laws—and the large amount of record evidence in my possession enables me to be very successful in prosecuting suspended claims, and in many instances have proved successful when the claimant had long given them up in despair. No matter how difficult the claim so it is just.
8:38-1y.

ROBERT DOUGHERTY,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER, WAYNESBURG, PA.

Respectfully gives notice that he has located in Waynesburg, Pa., where he intends to manufacture

CARRIAGES

Of every description. From his experience in the business he feels confident that his work, in style, finish and durability, will give entire satisfaction. It is his determination to purchase the best material in market, and employ none but competent workmen.
☞All work warranted for one year. ☜
2:21-'66-tf.

WAYNESBURG MARBLE AND STONE WORKS.

*SAYERS & RINEHART.*

Still continue to carry on the Marble and Stone cutting business at their long established stand immediate east of the Public Square, between High and Greene streets, Waynesburg, Pa.
This establishment has been in constant operation since 1839, and the long experience and energy of the proprietors, linked with the exercise of sound judgment and good taste, have won for them a wide spread and enviable reputation. An extensive stock of the various varieties of the best marble kept constantly on hand. Special attention paid to polishing, pressing, carving and engraving.
All orders promptly filled. 4:28-'66-tf.

GEORGE C. STURGISS, Attorney at Law. JOHN C. WAGNER, Notary Public.

STURGISS & WAGNER,

UNITED STATES CLAIM AND GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.

☞For the adjustment of CLAIMS, of all kinds against the United States, such as

PENSIONS, INCREASE OF PENSIONS, BOUNTY, $100 EXTRA BOUNTY,

and those of any other class call on or write to the Military and Naval Agency of
STURGISS & WAGNER,
Walnut St., 1 door below Hagans' corner,
(Up Stairs,)
8:21,'67-6m MORGANTOWN, W. VA.

E. A. TINKER.....H. L. MAPEL.

TINKER & MAPEL,

*COMMISSION MERCHANTS*

FOR THE SALE OF

HOGS, CATTLE AND SHEEP,

AT THEIR OWN YARDS,

WEST BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

ASSISTED BY MR. LIVE STOCK SCALER.

Consignments respectfully solicited. All communications promptly answered. Post Office Address—Box 1151. 1:2-y.

## Groceries &c.

NEW EXCITEMENT!

THE PROPOSED IMPEACHMENT

—OF—

H. RINEHART!

FOR SELLING CHEAP GROCERIES!

—o—

Having just returned from the city, he has opened the largest

*NEW GROCERY!*

in town. He desires to inform the citizens of Waynesburg and vicinity of the care he has taken in selecting his stock, having on hand a good supply of
CONFECTIONS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, TAR, also, PROVISIONS, BACON DRIED BEEF, POTATOES, FISH, DRIED PEACHES, &c., &c., &c., &c.
Call and see him as he has been getting

A NEW SUPPLY!!

You will find him accommodating, and can sell lower than any one in the place. Be sure to go to the right place, in

LEDWITH'S OLD BUILDING,

Opposite the Court House and formerly occupied by the Post Office. 4:18-'66-tf.

RECONSTRUCTION!

NOT OF THE UNION,

BUT OF

ISAAC HOOPER'S

GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY!

Mr. Hooper would still have his friends and patrons bear in mind, that he continues in the Grocery and Confectionery trade at his usual place of doing business, and that he has just received

A FRESH SUPPLY

of the best quality of all articles in his line,

TOYS—NOTIONS, and a great variety of useful articles always on hand.

REFRESHMENTS.

In connection with the above, Mr. Hooper keeps a Restaurant, where

ICE CREAM, BERRIES,

And all the luxuries of the season can be obtained.
The most attractive and most popular resort in town. 6:14-'65-1y.

WILLIAM WALLACE,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS!

DOOR WEST OF PETER BROW'S STORE.

We have just received a well selected stock of Choice FAMILY GROCERIES, which we purchased for CASH and are confident that we can supply our customers and all who may favor us with a call, as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the county.
COFFEES,
SUGARS,
MOLASSES,
SYRUPS,
TEAS,
RICE,
SODA,
TOBACCOS,
CIGARS,
SNUFFS, CANDLES, SOAPS, EXTRACT, COFFEE, STRAWBERRIES, JELLIES,
&c., &c., &c.
Don't fail to examine our stock and see for yourselves, for we are determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest. 5:5-tf '67

JOHN HUGHES.....THOMAS LUCAS.

T. LUCAS & CO.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

And dealers in Groceries, Hardware, Leather, Shoe Findings, Iron, Nails, Salt, Fish, &c. Also, agents for Aubrey, Cromlow & Coon's Window Sash. A supply kept constantly on hands. Rice's Landing, Pa., above the RUN. 6:5-tf.

LAZEAR BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

No. 77, EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.

JAS. B. LAZEAR,
WM. L. LAZEAR. 5:15-1y.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As the firm of HUGHES & LUCAS is dissolved by mutual consent, the Commission business will still be carried on at the old stand, in good order, and on the most reasonable terms, in the name and style of L. HUGHES & CO., (senior partner.) They flatter themselves, by having the House and the best location in the place for that business, that they will RECEIVE a liberal share of the public patronage.
They will also keep a good supply of GROCERIES on hand to accommodate all who may favor them with a call.
L. HUGHES & CO.,
4:10-tf. Rice's Landing, Pa.

SOMETHING NEW

IN WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.

THOS. BRADEN & CO.,

(At the store room formerly occupied by Andrew Wilson, Sr., next door to Braden's Drug Store.)

Respectfully informs the good people of Greene county, that they have opened a

*HARDWARE STORE!*

And invites a call from their friends and the public generally. Their store is filled with everything in their line needed by the farmer and mechanic. Being practical farmers, they know exactly the wants of their farmer friends. Among their variety of goods will be found Iron, Nails, of all kinds, Planes of all varieties, Augers, Braces, &c. Tuttle toothed, cross cut and mill saws, hand saws and tools of all descriptions.

AGRICTLTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Mowing Machines, Cutting Boxes, Corn Shellers, Plows, Cultivators, Shovels, Forks, and everything in their line.

SADDLERY HARDWARE.

A general assortment of saddlery hardware, to which they invite the attention of purchasers.

WOODEN WARE OF ALL KINDS.

Tubs, Buckets, Butter Bowls and all kinds of Kitchen Wooden Fixin's. Willow Baskets, Brooms, Brushes, Coal Buckets, Brass Kettles, Buggy Whips, Shot guns, Boys Wagons and Sleds.
All persons desirous of purchasing any of the above articles and many others not mentioned, will consult their interest by

CALLING SOON.

They will take pleasure in showing their stock at all times. Recollect the place, opposite the First National Bank.
8:23-tf. T. BRADEN & CO.

## Dry Goods.

DRY GOODS

AT

*WHOLESALE.*

M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.

NO. 54 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Now offer to dealers their

FALL STOCK,

AT

LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

*DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,*

IN GREAT VARIETY.

9:11-3m.

SOMETHING NEW!

MRS. E. S. SAYERS & HOSKINSON

Have just arrived from the East with a large assortment of foreign and domestic

DRY GOODS,

SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES!

which they propose to sell at the lowest CASH prices! such as Dress Goods, Dress Trimming, Dress Buttons, Ladies Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps; also, a great variety of nice articles, at very low prices for

GENTLEMEN AND LADIES' WEAR,

Wares of all kinds, and a complete variety of the best GROCERIES. All of which they propose to sell at the very lowest figures, depending on the quality and cheapness of their goods to gain them custom.
Give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, and they will prove that the above is correct. Room in Allison's building, nearly opposite the Court House, Waynesburg. 4:1,'67-tf

BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY!

OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, &c.,

AT

EVANS' ESTABLISHMENT.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

OF

EVERYTHING IN THE LINE!

Wishing to close out for the Fall trade, he offers his goods at astonishing low rates for cash. The stock is as late as the latest and the best in market.
Minor's Building, opposite the Greene House.
4:24-3m. L. K. EVANS.

NEW STORE!

FRANK. M'GURGAN,

Has just opened a firt class

STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C., &C.

In the Store Room of George E. Minor, and nearly opposite the Farmers' & Drovers' National Bank,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

This stock is

ALL NEW AND FRESH!

He would respectfully invite the public to call and examine his large and fashionable stock. His taste and experience in selecting goods; his energy and determination to please the public has rendered his a

FIRST CLASS STORE!

His stock embraces a large assortment of

GENTLEMENS' CLOTHING!

of the most fashionable and durable qualities. Also, the finest quality of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS, HEAVY DRESS SILKS WITH WHITE EDGE,

and a full assortment of Fancy Figured Silks of all colors. Also, Empress Cloth, Poplins, Mozambiques, Wool Delains double widths, Silk Shawls, Bistori Shawls, Silk Sacques latest style, Parasols, Fancy Fans, English Ribbons and other ribbons of all colors and widths; Hats, wreaths and Flowers, Lace Handkerchiefs and Embroideries, and a full assortment of

TRIMMINGS IN GENERAL.

Also, Counter Panes, Lace Curtains, Piano Covers, Melodeon Covers, Side Table Covers, and in short a full stock of all goods usually kept in a first class Trimming Store.
Don't forget the place, in the NEW STORE ROOM of Geo. E. Minor.
8:7-tf FRANK. M'GURGAN.

U. S. INTERNAL REV. NOTICE.

All persons wishing Government Licenses or information as to the payment of other Government taxes, residing in Division No. 9, composed of Marion, Franklin, Wayne, Aleppo, Gilmore, Springhill, Center, Jackson, Richhill and Morris Townships will call on me as my office is at present. SIMON RINEHART,
U.S. Asst Assessor Div. No 9, 18th Dist., of Pa.
8:7-3m.

## Select Reading.

### Use Plain Words.

Little boys sometimes put on their fathers' boots or their big brothers' clothes, and act as though that had made them larger and more important; but nobody is deceived, and they are only laughed at. Young writers and speakers should remember this when clothing their thoughts with language. Never try to find large or high sounding words. They are not natural, they will be awkwardly used, will often show miss-fits, and expose the author to ridicule. An ambitious young student, in writing his composition, thus attempted to describe a very dark night; "tenebrious gloom obscured the darkening shade." The teacher, on reading it, remarked, "this being translated into plain English, means 'dark darkness darkened the darkening dark;' that is, I suppose, it was very dark." A young lady thus expressed the idea of a fine sunrise; "the royal king of day, clad in glorious golden panoply of dazzling effulgence, flooded the earth with gorgeous brightness." "It is easier to swallow a dictionary than to digest it," remarked the teacher, on reading that outburst. In all writing, strive to express the thought most clearly. Nobody cares to unwrap a dozen or more coverings to get at a small parcel of candy. If you have a pleasant idea, out with it in as few and plain words as possible, and not oblige the reader to strip off a pile of waste word wrappers. Use the language in which you think and converse; *that* will be entirely natural. In time you may learn to make it elegant. Strive for excellent thoughts, and to express them *clearly;* they will be valuable even in the homeliest words, just as a beautiful face is attractive in the plainest garb.

THE French papers announce the death of two noted personages—the oldest prisoner and the oldest executioner in France. The former individual was eighty-four years of age, forty-five of which he had passed in prison walls. He opened his career in 1815, by personating Marshal Breme, of whom he was the valet, and reviewing the French troops at Valenciennes. Railroads and telegraphs not then being in existence, the imposture was not discovered until the imposter had received the homage of the whole city. Six years ago, when seventy-eight years of age, this hardened sinner managed to get possession of a large sum of money and a horse and carriage belonging to a commercial traveler, but was caught and committed to prison, saying as he entered, that he had finally retird from business. His conduct during his various sequestrations from a more extensive and social existence was most exemplary, and he was always on the best of terms with the jailors and their assistants. The deceased executioner, in his latter nays, *enlivened* the fireside of his grandchildren by boastful accounts of the part he took in the scenes of the Revolution, and especially delighted to dwell upon the latter days of Robespierre, as during that time he was assistant executioner at Paris, and claims to have aided the chief headsman in guillotining Robespierre himself.

SOME of the Bohemian letter writers give us this story of Longfellow: "He was staying a few years ago at Newport, shut up in seclusion, deeply intent upon the production of some poetical work. A man demanded admittance, but was refused by the servant. He was importunate, and Longfellow was consulted, and admittance again denied. At last the man broke through all obstructions, and burst into the poet's study. Said he, heedless of the poet's frown, 'Mr. Longfellow, you must excuse my interruption, but I have business that is of more importance to you even than me, and I have come down from Boston on purpose to see you. You know them English blacking fellows, Warren, and them others kept a poet, and their blacking went off because of their verses. Now, I'm in the blacking business, and I thought that if we were to go partners, you could make the rhymes and I the blacking, and we could divide and make a good thing out of it." 'Put him out! put him out!' shouted Longfellow, in an excess of indignation; and the indiscreet blacking maker left the room with greater speed than he had anticipated for sale of his blacking."

TALENT AND TACT.—Talent is something, but tact is everything. Talent is serious, sober, grave and respectable; tact is all that, and more too. It is not a seventh sense, but it is the life of all the five. It is the open eye, the quick ear, the judging taste, the keen smell and the lively touch; it is the interpreter of all riddles—the surmounter of all difficulties—the remover of all obstacles. It is useful in all places aud at all times; it is useful in solitude, for it shows a man his way into the world; it is useful in society, for it shows him his way through the world. Talent is power—tact is skill; talent is weight—tact is momentum; talent knows what to do—tact knows how to do it; talent makes a man respectable—tact will make him respected; talent is wealth—tact is ready money. For all the practical purposes of life, tact carries it against talent—ten to one.

NEEDLES were first made in London by a negro, from Spain, in the reign of Queen Mary. He died without imparting the secret of his art. The art was recovered in 1565. Elias Growse first taught the English to make needles, but the art was again lost for nearly a century, when it was again recovered by Christopher Greening, who settled at Long Crendon, in Buckinghamshire.

## Miscellaneous.

### Horses that Overreach.

A western correspondent of the Prairie Farmer gives the following rule for shoeing horses that overreach: Make the forward shoes long, and the toe-calks short and standing a little under, and set them as far back as convenient, in order to let the feet roll over as soon as possible, to get out of the way. And in setting the shoes on the hind feet, reverse the order to keep them back, to give time for the forward feet to get out of the way. Make the toe-calks high, and the holf calks low, to keep the feet back, then he will travel like other horses. This may be remedied in part in the mode of paring the hoof. This is essential in all cases, and where too many horses have been made cripples. Great pains should be taken at all times in shoeing horses.

CAN ANY ONE TELL.—Can any one tell why men who cannot pay small bills, can always find money to buy liquor, and treat when happening among their friends?

Can any one tell how young men who dodge their washerwoman and are always behind with their landlord, can play billiards night and day, and are always ready for a game of poker or seven-up?

Can any one tell how men live and support their families who have no income and do not work, while others who are industrious and constantly employed, half starve?

Can any one tell how it is that a man who is too poor to pay for a newspaper, is able to pay a dollar or two a week for tobacco, whisky or cigars?

TO THE POINT.—An editor who seems to have lost his temper, gets off the following well merited hit: "Those fellows who don't take their home paper, watch them! they are always on the alert on publication day, and when the paper comes around to your place of business, are the first to snatch it up; failing in this, they read it over your shoulders, too impatient demean themselves in a respectable manner. Stop these fellows. They are a small souled, stingy handful, who go through the world on other folks money." We have many of the same kind in this "intelligent" community.

COOL FOR THE SEASON.—A verdant couple were married in Shepherdstown, West Virginia, a few days ago. The *Register* says that when all things were in readiness, the couple on the floor, the preacher proceeded with his work, asking the groom if he would take this woman to be his wedded wife; and before anything more was said by the preacher, the happy groom exclaimed, "I will, in the cool!" The question was then asked the blushing bride if she would take this man to be her wedded husband, to which she instantly answered, "You bet I will!"

A MAN in a blouse once said, "I have no more influence than a farthing rushlight." "Well," was the reply, "a farthing rushlight can do a good deal; it can set a hay-stack on fire; it can burn down a house; yea, more, it will enable a poor creature to read a chapter in God's book. Go your way, my friend; let your farthing rushlight 'so shine before men that others, seeing your good works, may glorify your Father which is in Heaven."

EDITORIAL COURTESY.—The editor of the Foxtown *Fusileer* is a generous fellow. In his last number he says:—"Postcript—We stop the press with pleasure to announce the decease of our cotemporary, Mr. Snaggs, editor of the Foxtown *Flash*. He is now gone to another and better world. Persons who have taken the *Flash* will find the *Fusileer* a good paper."

A MAN inquired at the post-office in Erie, New York, the other day, for a letter for Enry Hogden. He was told there was none. "Look ere," he replied, a little angrily, "you've hexhamined a hod letter for my name. Hit don't commence with ha haitch! Hit begins with ha ho! Look in the ole that's got the ho's!"

"NOBBY" French and English young gentlemen sometimes use pincers to take off their clothing, which is so tight-fitting that it cannot be otherwise removed when wet.

IT takes three editors to start a paper in New Orleans—one to get killed in a duel—one to die with the yellow fever, and one to write an obituary of the defunct two.

THE only true way to health is that which common sense dictates to man. Live within bounds of reason. Eat moderately, drink temperally, sleep regularly, avoid excess in anything, and preserve a conscience "void of offence."

JOSH BILLINGS says, that a good way for a man to bring up a child in the way it should go was to travel that way occasionally himself.

BONNER is erecting a magnificent marble building on William street, New York, costing $250,000. It is for a publishing house.

A COQUETTE is a rose from which every lover plucks a leaf—the thorn remaining for her future husband.

PUNCH says it is dreadful to hear of a child only one month old, taking to the bottle.

THE editor of a paper in Indiana wants to know if Western whisky was ever seen "coming through the rye."

THERE are eight papers in the United States edited by colored men.

IT has been the misfortune of many to live too long.

## Clothing.

WONDERS NEVER CEASE!

AT THE

*CLOTHING STORE*

OF

N. CLARK & SON.

It is no longer impossible to get a full suit for $7 50, of good material, that we will warrant to give entire satisfaction. Light Cassimere Pants and Vest, for $4 50, fine and nice style; Summer Pants and Vest for $3 50, the very best all wool

CASSIMERE SUITS!

from 20 to 25 dollars; the same that has cost you 45 dollars. A large and beautiful stock of

HATS AND CAPS!

The newest and best styles, the more elegant are the Henrietta, St. Cloud, Yacht, Broadway and

PEABODY CAP!

The cap deriving its name from

ENGLAND AND AMERICA'S

Munificent benefactor—MR. GEO. PEABODY. Every American youth who loves her greatest Benefactor should not fail to have one of those CAPS. A full and complete assortment of Gentlemen's furnishing goods. We have the New York Mill and Wamsutta Muslin Shirts; two of the best brands of muslin manufactured.

THE CELEBRATED ENGLISH RUFFLE SHIRT.

Wool and Cassimere Shirts, Fine Corset Jean Drawers and Summer Undershirts. Linen Handkerchiefs, Gloves and Hosiery, with ties, bows and scarfs, in endless variety. The Eugene, Victoria, and Isabella Bow, the very newest, the Zephyr Scarf, 7000 Paper Collars, of all styles, Ward's Shakespeare, Linen Imitation, Water Proof, Embroidered, Keystone, Goldsmith's Phœnix, Grays, &c., &c.
A few late styles cassimeres that will be sold by the yard. We kindly ask you to compare prices before buying. 6:22-'67-1y

IMPORTANT TO

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS!

WAYNESBURG STEAM PLANING MILL.

It gives us pleasure to announce to the public the completion of this work and the readiness of the proprietors to

RECEIVE ORDERS!

AND

MAKE CONTRACTS!

The best improved machinery is used. Planing, Ploughing and Grooving, Sash and Door Making, Panneling, Ripping, moulding &c., rapidly and skilfully executed. Ruling prices paid for

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER!

They are also prepared to do all kinds of Carpenter Work, with the utmost promptness, and in the most substantial manner.
They respectfully solicit a share of public patronage, and flatter themselves that they will in all cases be able to

GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION!

All orders promptly attended to.

BRADEN, WALTON & SAYERS.

8:14-tf. Waynesburg, Pa.

$3,00 TO $5,00 PER DAY.

*AGENTS WANTED*

FOR THE

GOLDEN PEN.

A BETTER PEN THAN GILLOT'S PEN.

These pens sell rapidly wherever introduced, to all classes of people. Are fully equal to the gold pen for ease and beauty of writing. More flexible and durable than any steel pen ever manufactured. Will not corode. Send for sample box. Only 35 cents, or two boxes for 50 cents, No. 1 for general use. No. 2 for Ladies, Schools and choice Penmanship. Sent free of postage. Money refunded if they do not give satisfaction. Address M. V. B. COWEN, Lafayette, Ind.

The following is a sample of hundreds of letters from parties who have ordered these pens.
POTTSTOWN, PA., July 15th, 1867.
M. V. B. COWEN, Lafayette, Ind.
DEAR SIR:—The box of No. 1 pens ordered by me some ten days since has arrived, and I am so much pleased with them that I have concluded to take an Agency for their sale, so far, at least, as to order three gross No. 1 and one gross No. 2, for which I enclose your price in Agents. Address Rev. S. SIEGFRIED,
Of REPUBLICAN.

Warranted to last five times as long, and give better satisfaction than any steel pen manufactured. Send for circular of testimonials from Professors of Schools and Colleges, and from prominent business houses. M. V. C. 8:6-6m.

## Drugs, &c.

THE RUSH IS NOW AT

SLATER ODENBAUGH'S

DRUG STORE!

He respectfully informs the citizens and physicians generally, that he has received the largest and finest stock of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

ever offered in this market, which he will

SELL CHEAPER

than can be purchased anywhere else in the county.

*PAINTS OF ALL KINDS!*

Dry and in oil, of the very best quality, cheaper than the cheapest.

DYE STUFFS,

of the very finest selection.

OLD LIQUORS!

of all kinds, the finest that can be procured in the State. The

*UNYIELDING LUNG SYRUP!*

A remedy unsurpassed for the cure of bleeding of the lungs, spitting of blood, soreness of the breast and chest. Will change the frail yellow complexion to one of health, and will cure dyspepsia. This syrup is one of the most useful medicines of the day. This is a late medicine and we do not know of it failing in a single case—try it.

Also, all other prominent patent medicines always on hand. Together with the Cough Exterminator, the best in use for diseases of the throat, coughs, &c.
Also, a syrup the only remedy for hooping cough, all for sale at S. Odenbaugh's Drug Store. 6:19-6m.

DAVID E. FOUTZ,

SUCCESSOR TO FOUTZ & BRO.

FOUTZ'S

CELEBRATED

Horse and Cattle Powders.

This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly reinvigorate broken-down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.
It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER, LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite, gives a smooth and glossy skin, and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine-looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It increases the quantity and improves the quality of the milk. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent. and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera.
Price 25 Cents per Paper, or 5 Papers for $1.

AT THEIR
WHOLESALE DRUG AND MEDICINE DEPOT,
No. 116 Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.
For Sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States.

G. W. Roberts & Co., Agents, Waynesburg, Pa.
11:21,'66-1y

## Special Notices.

CLIMAX! CLIMAX!!

**Page's Climax Salve, a Family blessing for 25 cents.**
**It heals without a scar. No family should be without it.**
**We warrant it to cure Scrofula Sores, Salt Rheum, Chilblains, Tetter, Pimples, and all Eruptions of the Skin. For Sore Breast or Nipples, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, &c., it makes a perfect cure.**
**It has been used over fifteen years, without one failure.**
**It has no parallel—having perfectly eradicated disease and healed after all other remedies had failed. It is a compound of Arnica with many other Extracts and Balsams, and put up in larger boxes for the same price than any other Ointment.**
Sold by Druggists everywhere. White & Hoyland, Proprietors, 131 Liberty Street, New York.

☞Shattered Constitutions Restored by Helmbold's Extract Buchu. 8:13,'67-eowly.

CONSUMPTION CURABLE BY DR. SCHENCK'S MEDICINES.

TO CURE CONSUMPTION, the system must be prepared so that the lungs will heal. To accomplish this, one liver and stomach must first be cleansed and an appetite created so good wholesome food, which by these medicines will be digested properly, and good healthy blood made: thus building up the constitution. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS cleanse the stomach of all bilious or mucous accumulations, and, by using the Sea Weed Tonic in connection, the appetite is restored.
SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP is necessary as well as medicinal, and, by using the three combined, all impurities are expelled from the system, and good, wholesome blood made, which will expel all disease. If patients will take these medicines according to directions, Consumption even in its last stage yields readily to their action. Take the pills regularly, to cleanse the liver and stomach. It does not follow that because the bowels are relaxive they are not required, for sometimes in diarrhœa they are necessary. The stomach must be kept healthy, and an appetite created to assist the Pulmonic Syrup to act on the mucous membrane, or mucus properly and allay any irritation. Then all that is required to perform a permanent cure is, to prevent taking cold. Exercise about the room as much as possible, eat all the nicest food—as meat, game, and, in fact, anything the appetite craves—but be particular and masticate well. 12:1 w. ow. ins. 1 yr.

☞Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties. 8:13-6m-ly.

☞Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action. 8:13-6m-ly